

# The Unified Modeling Language Reference Manual

## Second Edition



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 Addison-Wesley

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Boston • San Francisco • New York • Toronto • Montreal  
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**Table 3-1: UML Views and Diagrams**

<i>Major Area</i>	<i>View</i>	<i>Diagram</i>	<i>Main Concepts</i>
structural	static view	class diagram	association, class, dependency, generalization, interface, realization
	design view	internal structure	connector, interface, part, port, provided interface, role, required interface
		collaboration diagram	connector, collaboration, collaboration use, role
		component diagram	component, dependency, port, provided interface, realization, required interface, subsystem
	use case view	use case diagram	actor, association, extend, include, use case, use case generalization

**Table 3-1: UML Views and Diagrams (continued)**

<i>Major Area</i>	<i>View</i>	<i>Diagram</i>	<i>Main Concepts</i>
dynamic	state machine view	state machine diagram	completion transition, do activity, effect, event, region, state, transition, trigger
	activity view	activity diagram	action, activity, control flow, control node, data flow, exception, expansion region, fork, join, object node, pin
	interaction view	sequence diagram	occurrence specification, execution specification, interaction, interaction fragment, interaction operand, lifeline, message, signal
		communication diagram	collaboration, guard condition, message, role, sequence number

physical	deployment view	deployment diagram	artifact, dependency, manifestation, node
model management	model management view	package diagram	import, model, package
	profile	package diagram	constraint, profile, stereotype, tagged value

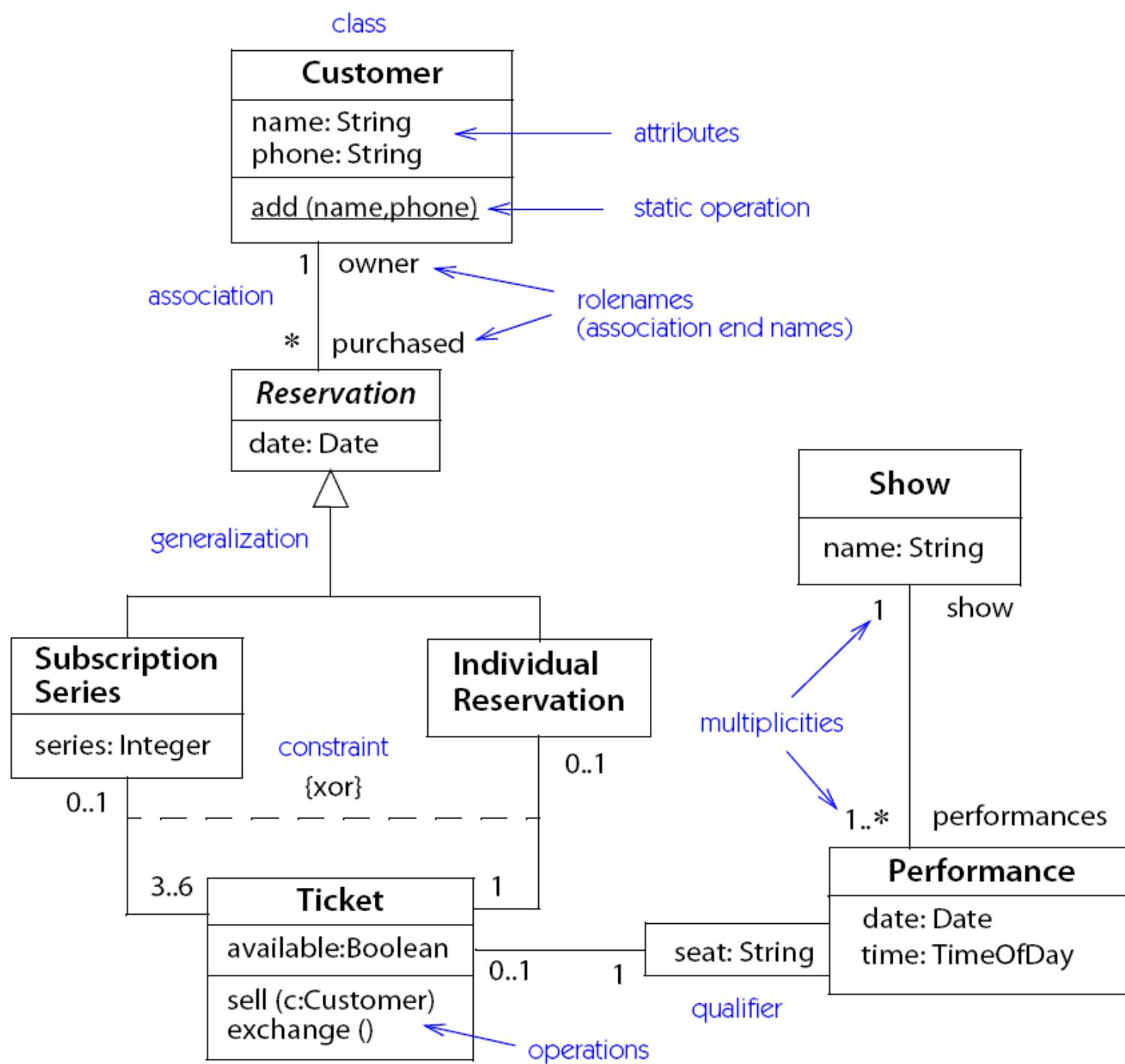
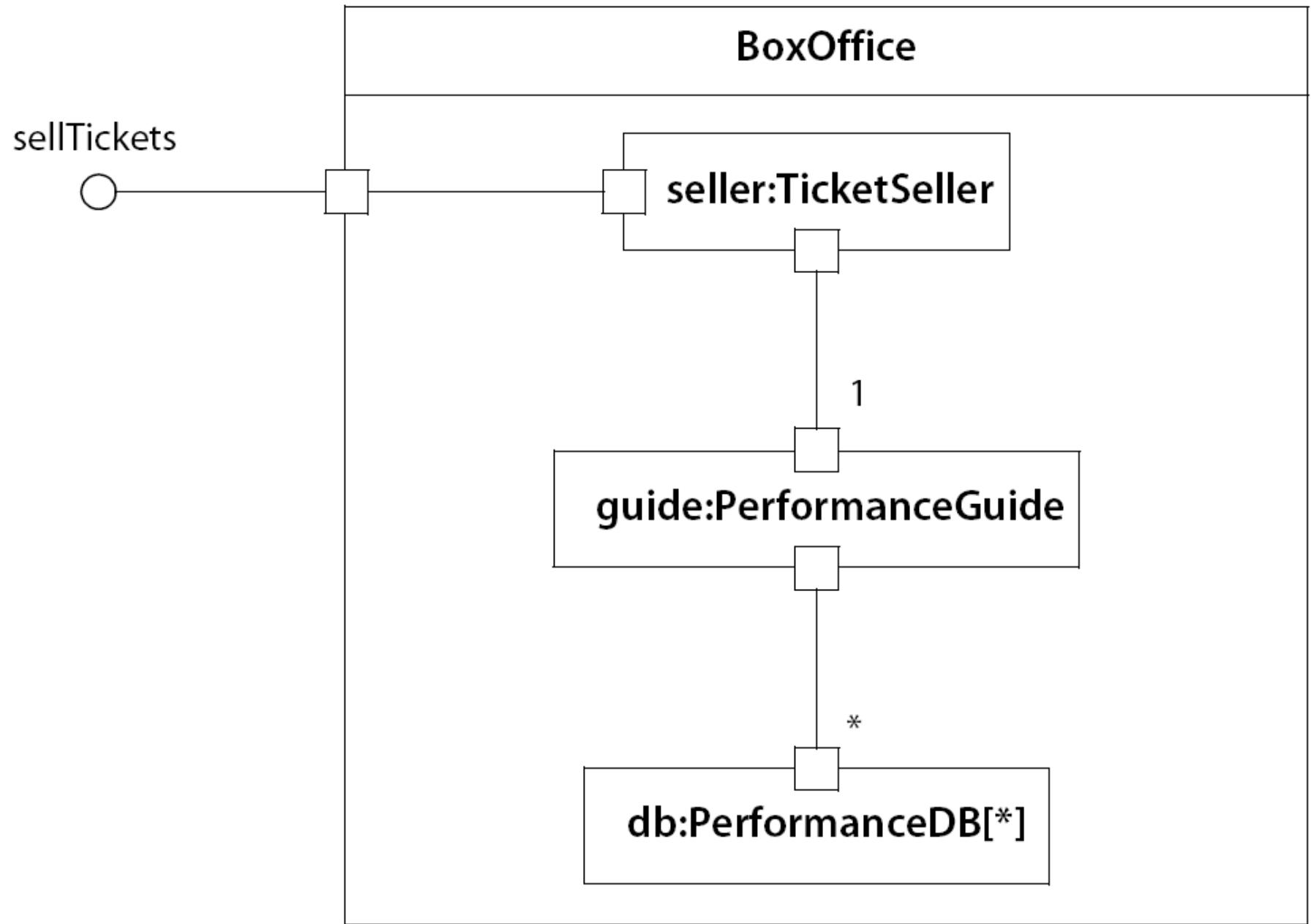
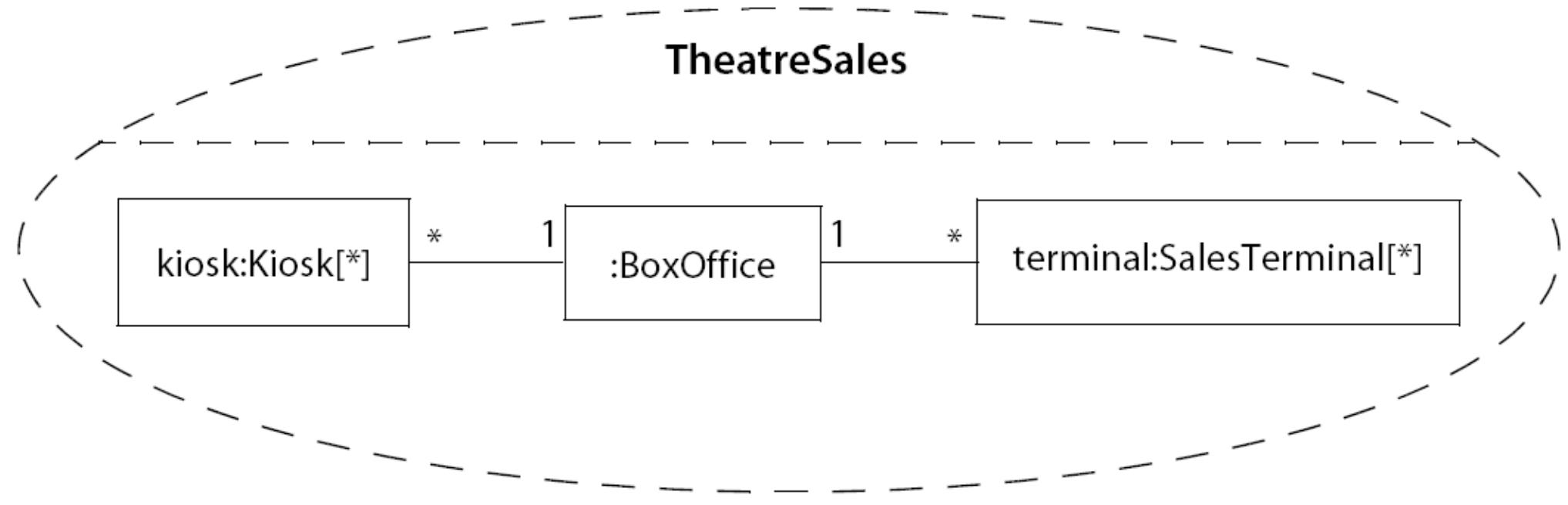


Figure 3-1. Class diagram



**Figure 3-2.** Internal structure diagram



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**Figure 3-3.** *Collaboration diagram*

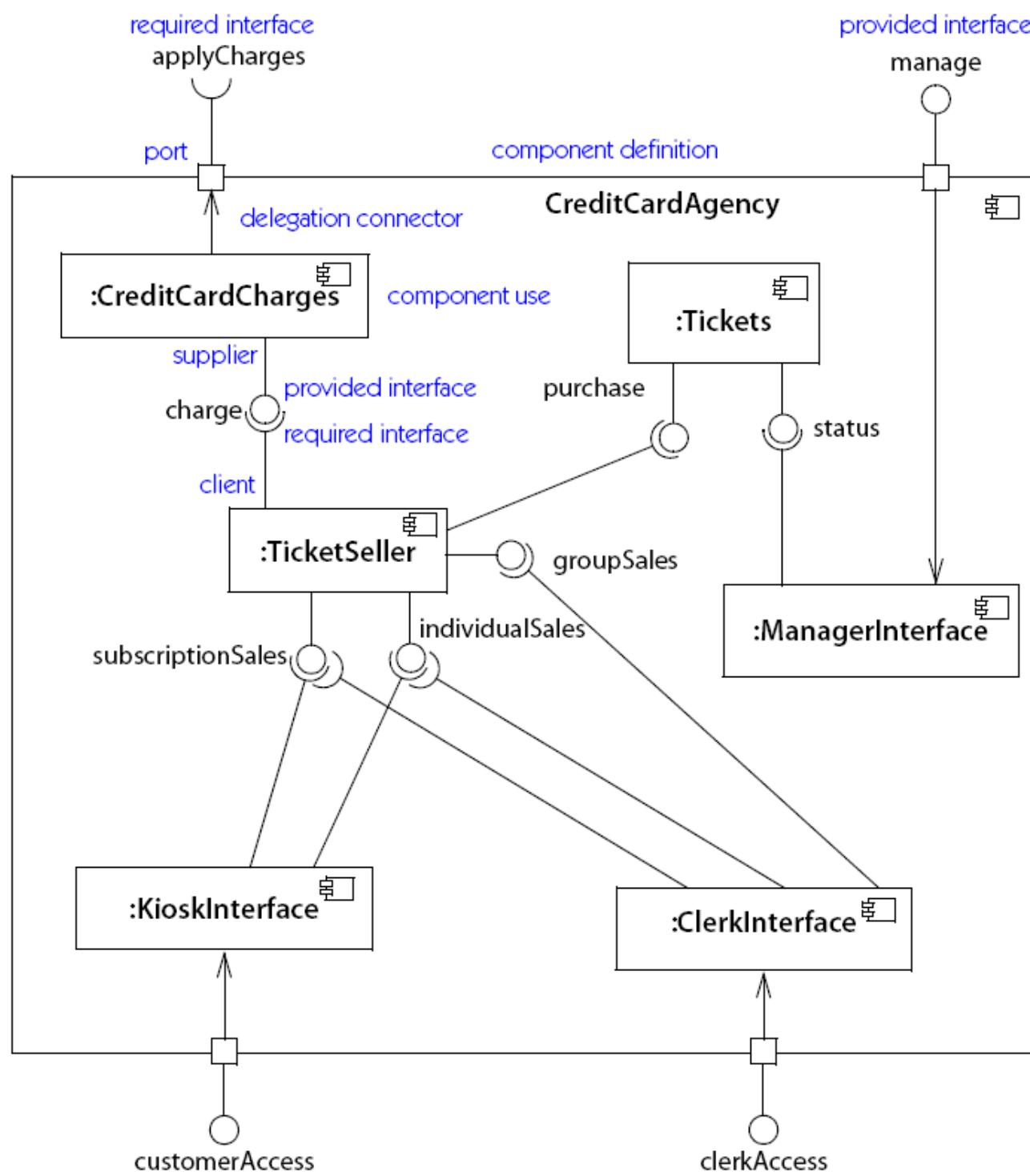


Figure 3-4. Component definition

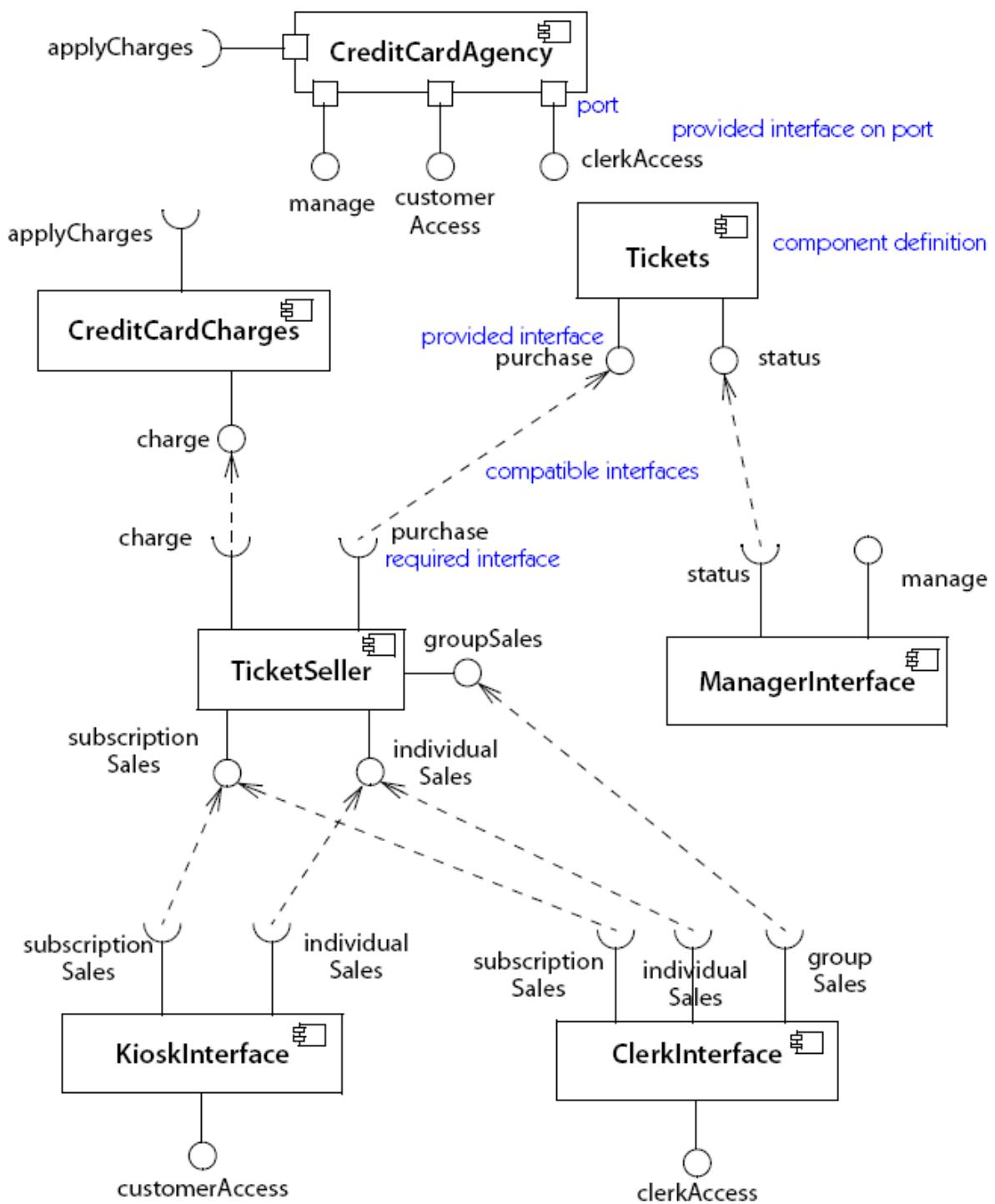


Figure 3-5. Component diagram

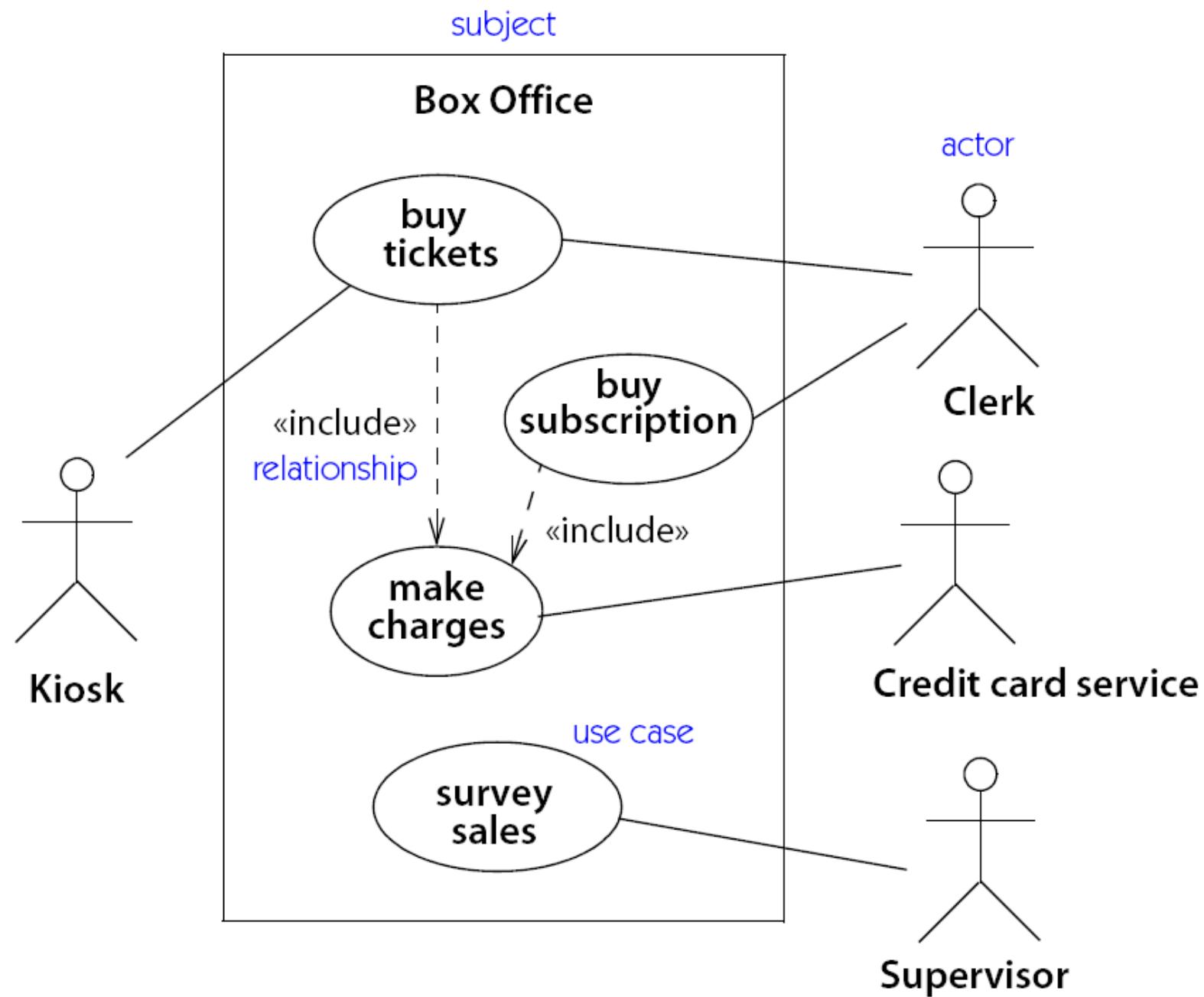
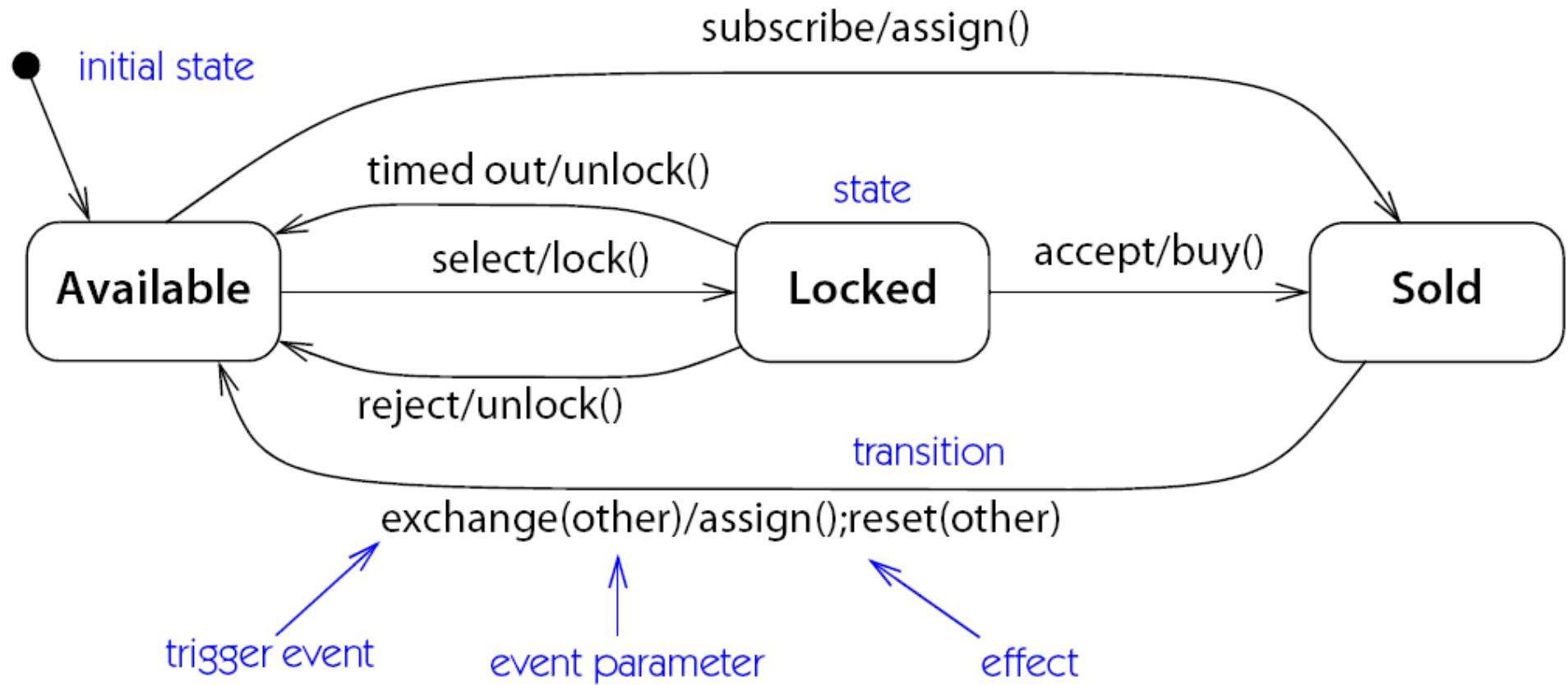


Figure 3-6. Use case diagram



**Figure 3-7.** State machine diagram

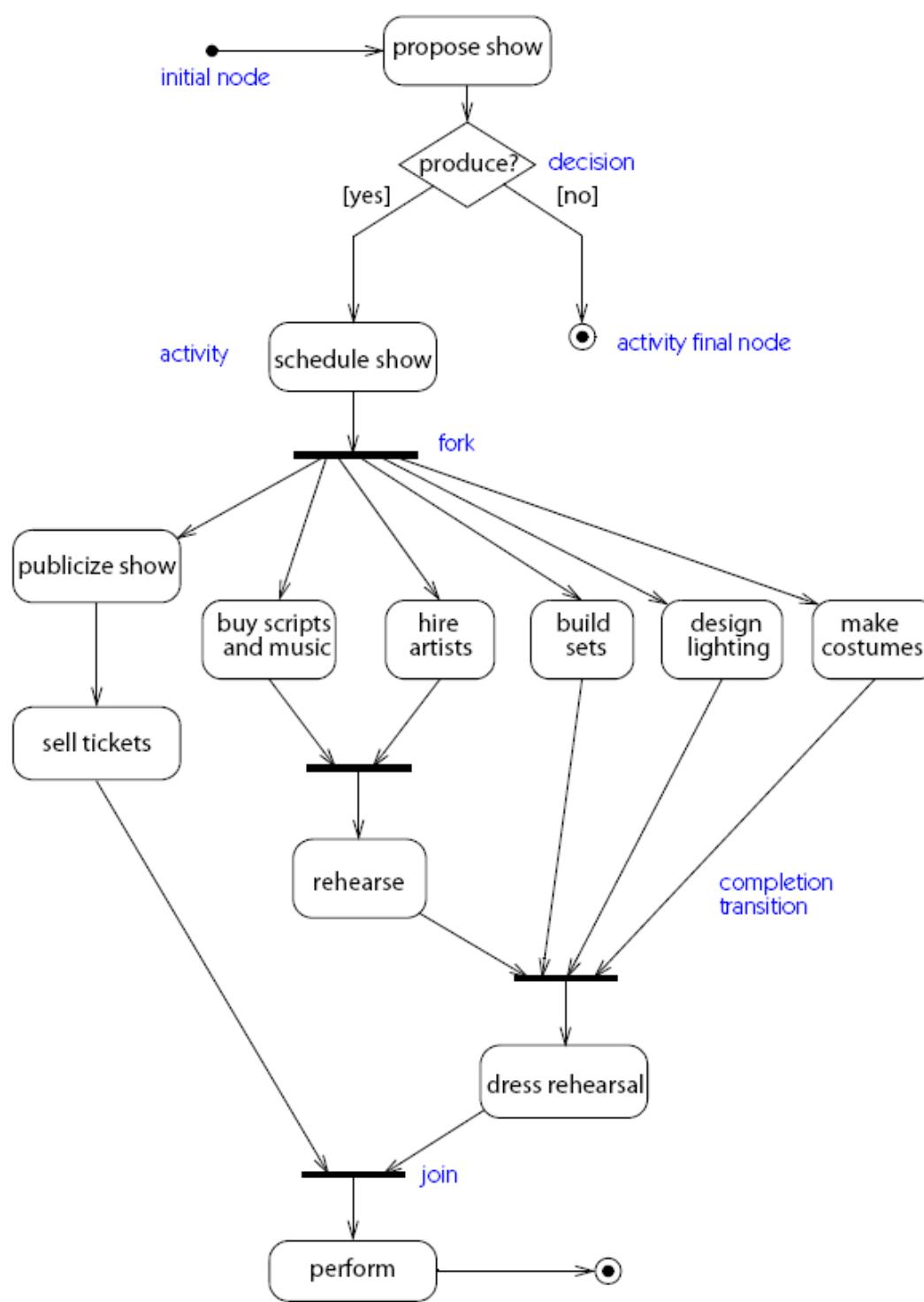


Figure 3-8. Activity diagram

## sd ticketing

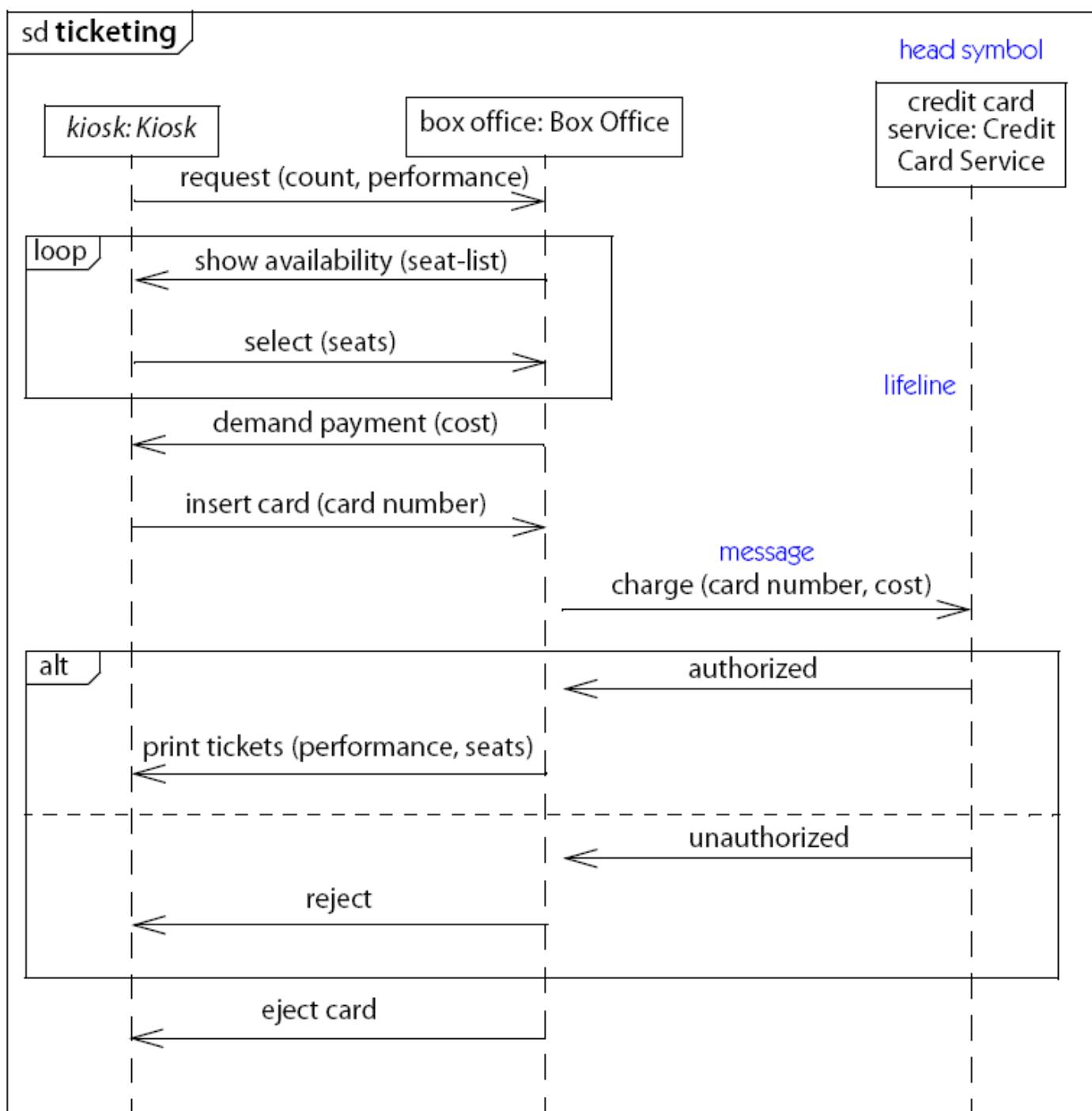
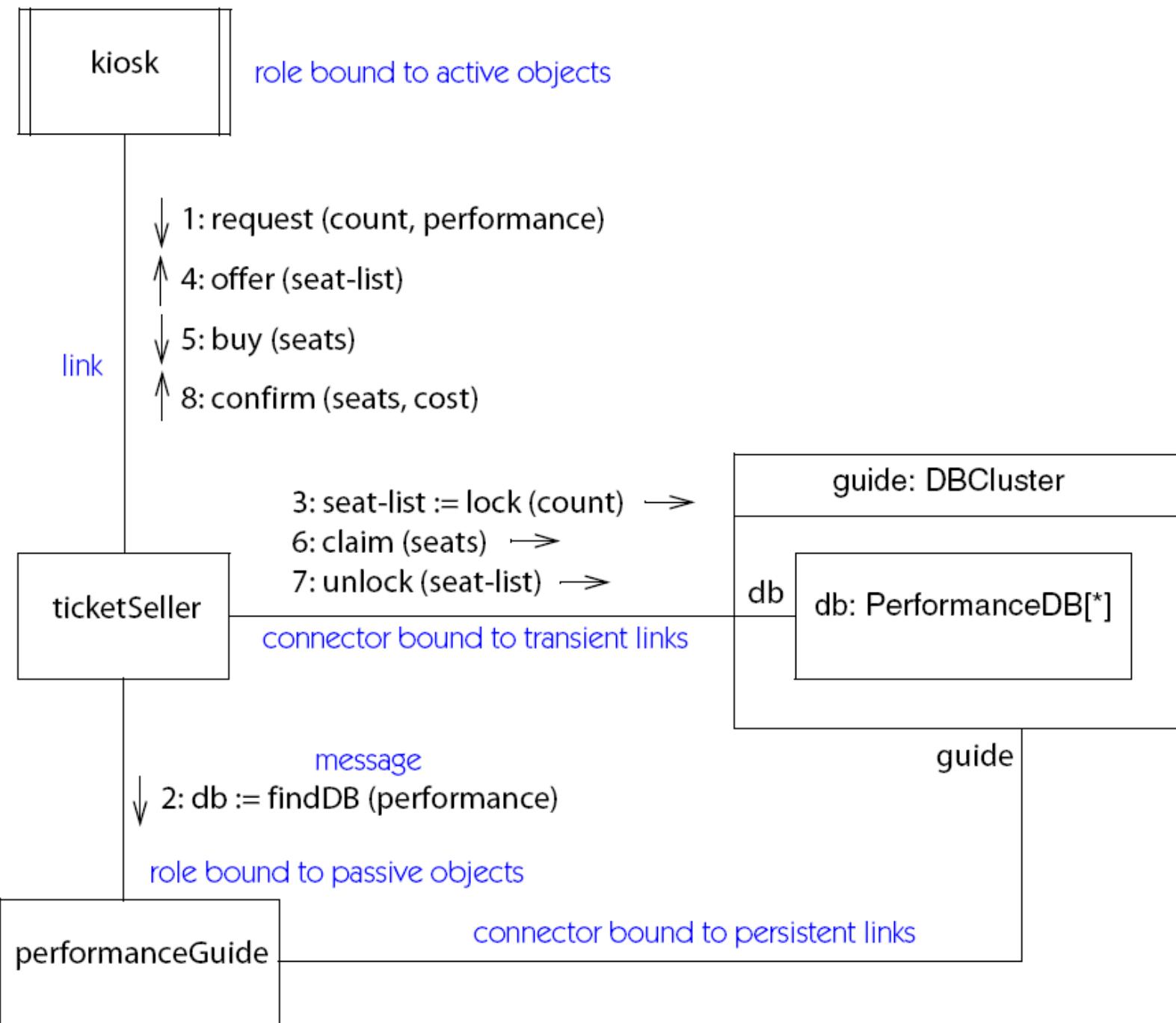


Figure 3-9. Sequence diagram



**Figure 3-10.** Communication diagram

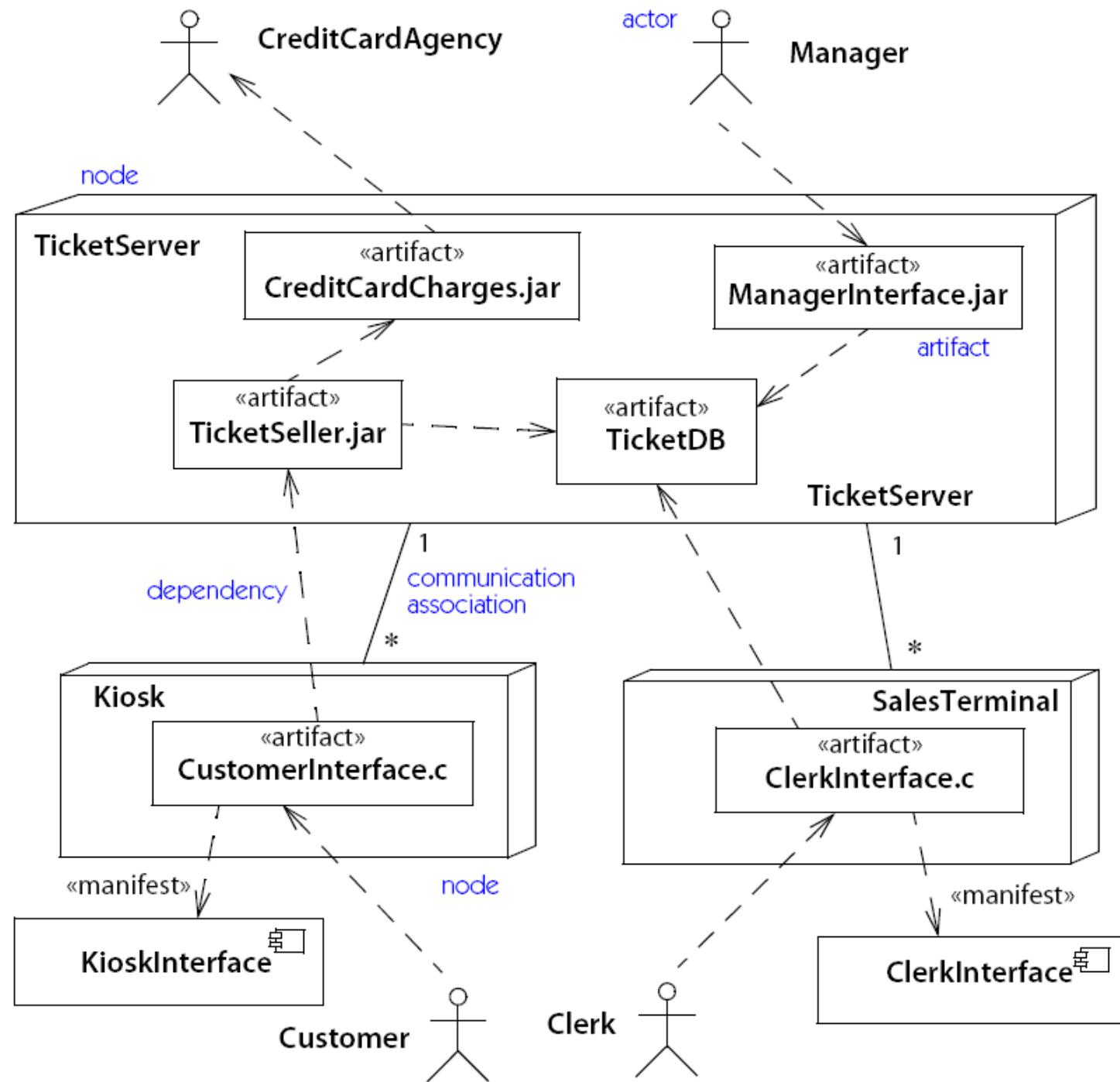
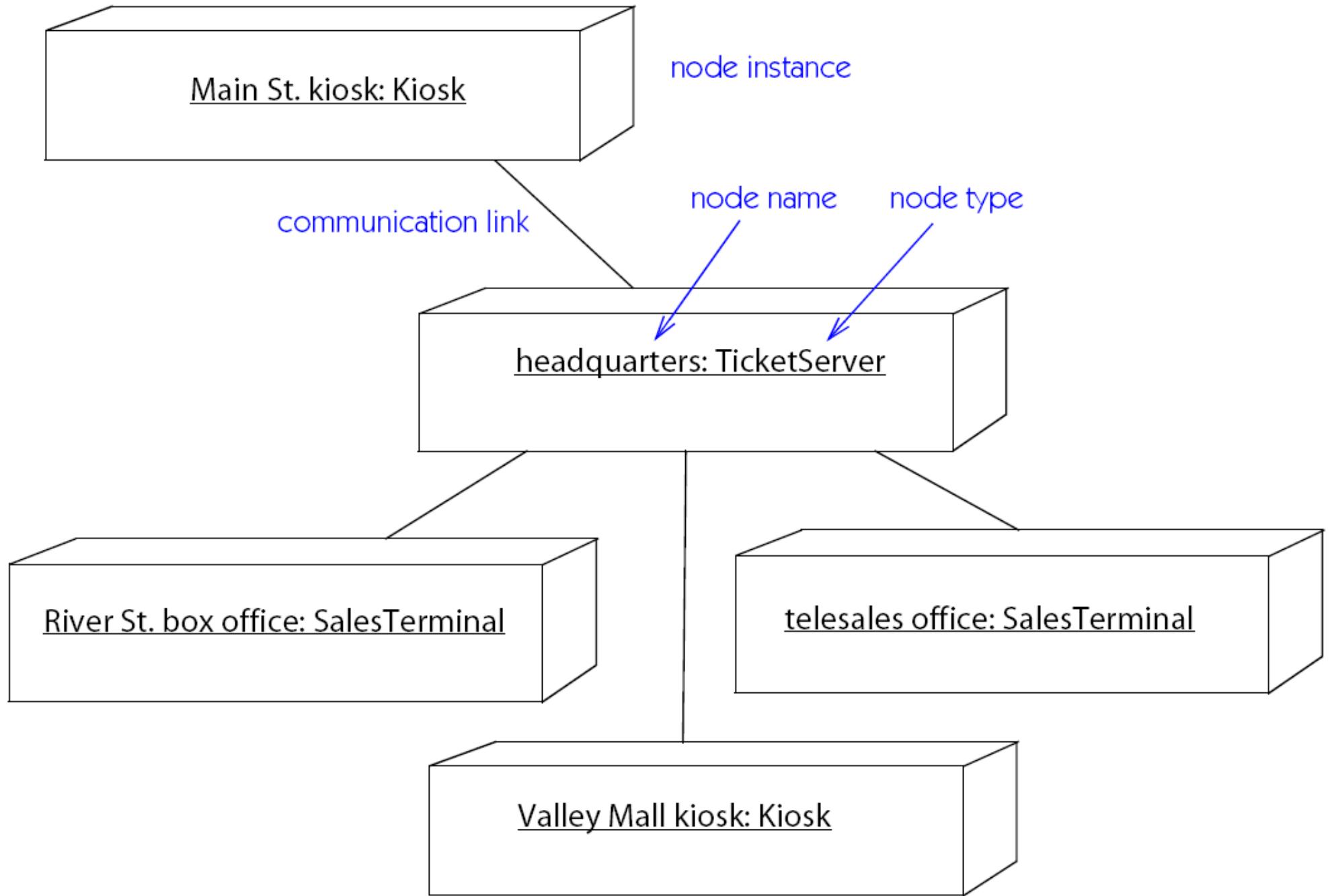


Figure 3-11. Deployment diagram (descriptor level)



**Figure 3-12.** Deployment diagram (instance level)

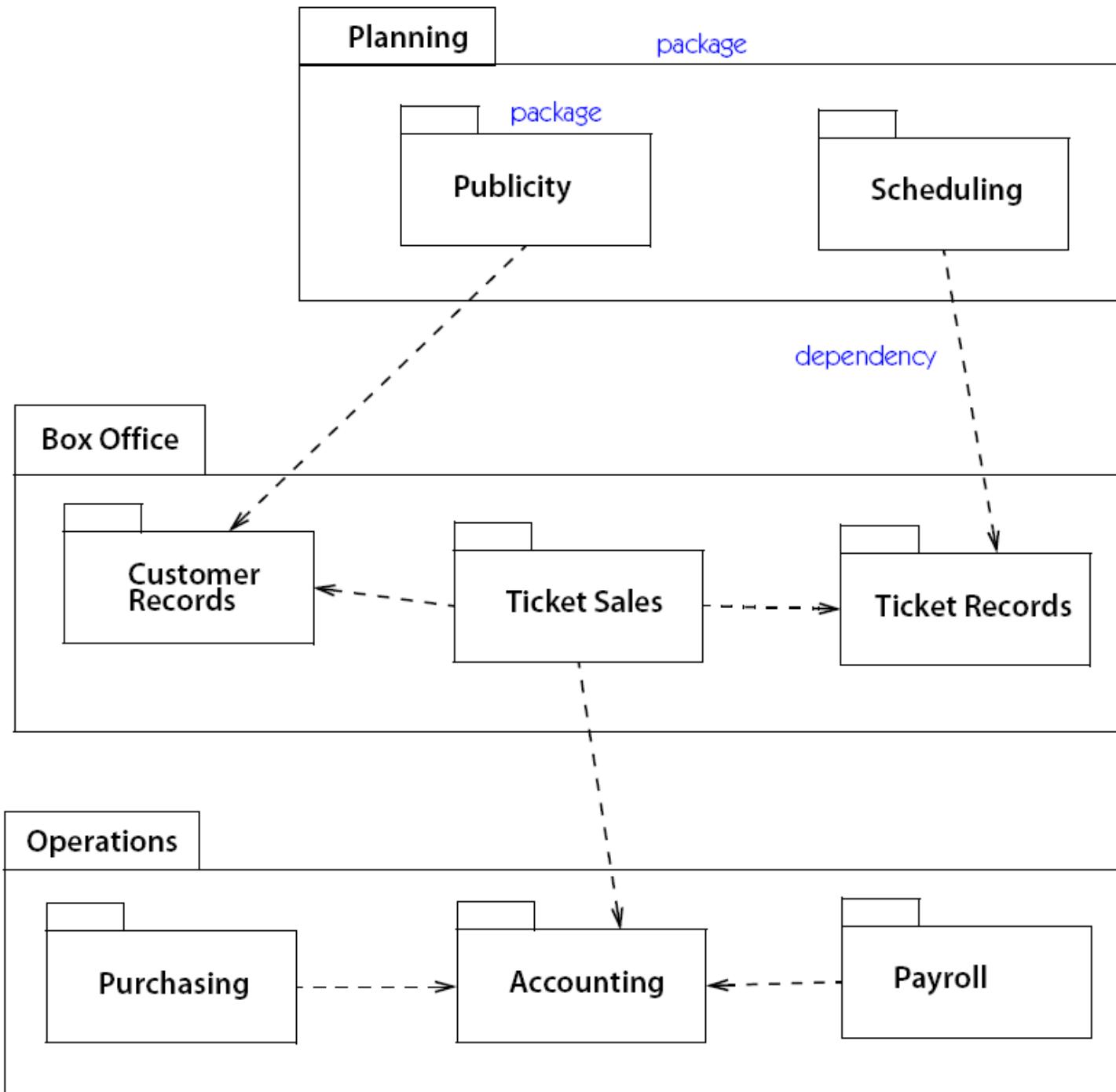
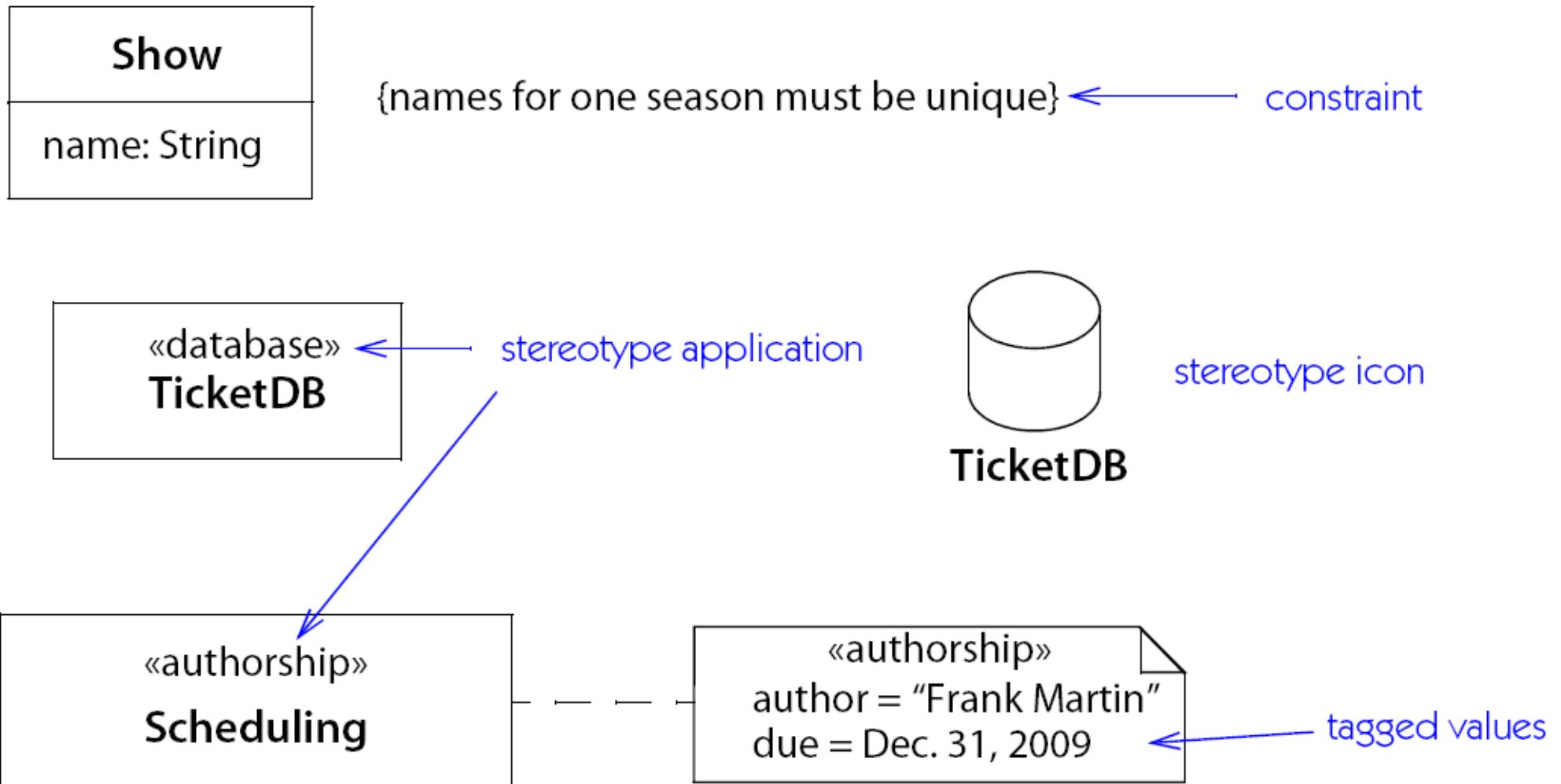


Figure 3-13. Package diagram



**Figure 3-14.** Extensibility constructs

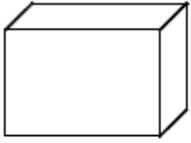
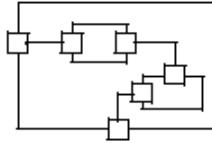
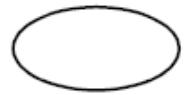
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**Table 4-1:** *Kinds of Classifiers*

<i>Classifier</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Notation</i>
actor	An outside user of a system	
artifact	A physical piece of system information	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">«artifact» Name</div>
class	A concept from the modeled system	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">Name</div>

**Table 4-1:** *Kinds of Classifiers (continued)*

<i>Classifier</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Notation</i>
collaboration	A contextual relationship among objects playing roles	
component	A modular part of a system with well-defined interfaces	
enumeration	A data type with predefined literal values	
primitive type	A descriptor of a set of primitive values that lack identity	
interface	A named set of operations that characterize behavior	

<b>node</b>	A computational resource	
<b>role</b>	An internal part in the context of a collaboration or structured classifier	
<b>signal</b>	An asynchronous communication among objects	
<b>structured classifier</b>	A classifier with internal structure	
<b>use case</b>	A specification of the behavior of an entity in its interaction with outside agents	

# Subscription

series: String  
priceCategory: Category  
number: Integer

cost (): Money  
reserve (series: String, level: SeatLevel)  
cancel ()

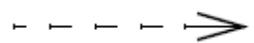
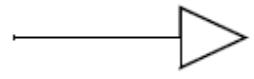
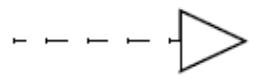
class name

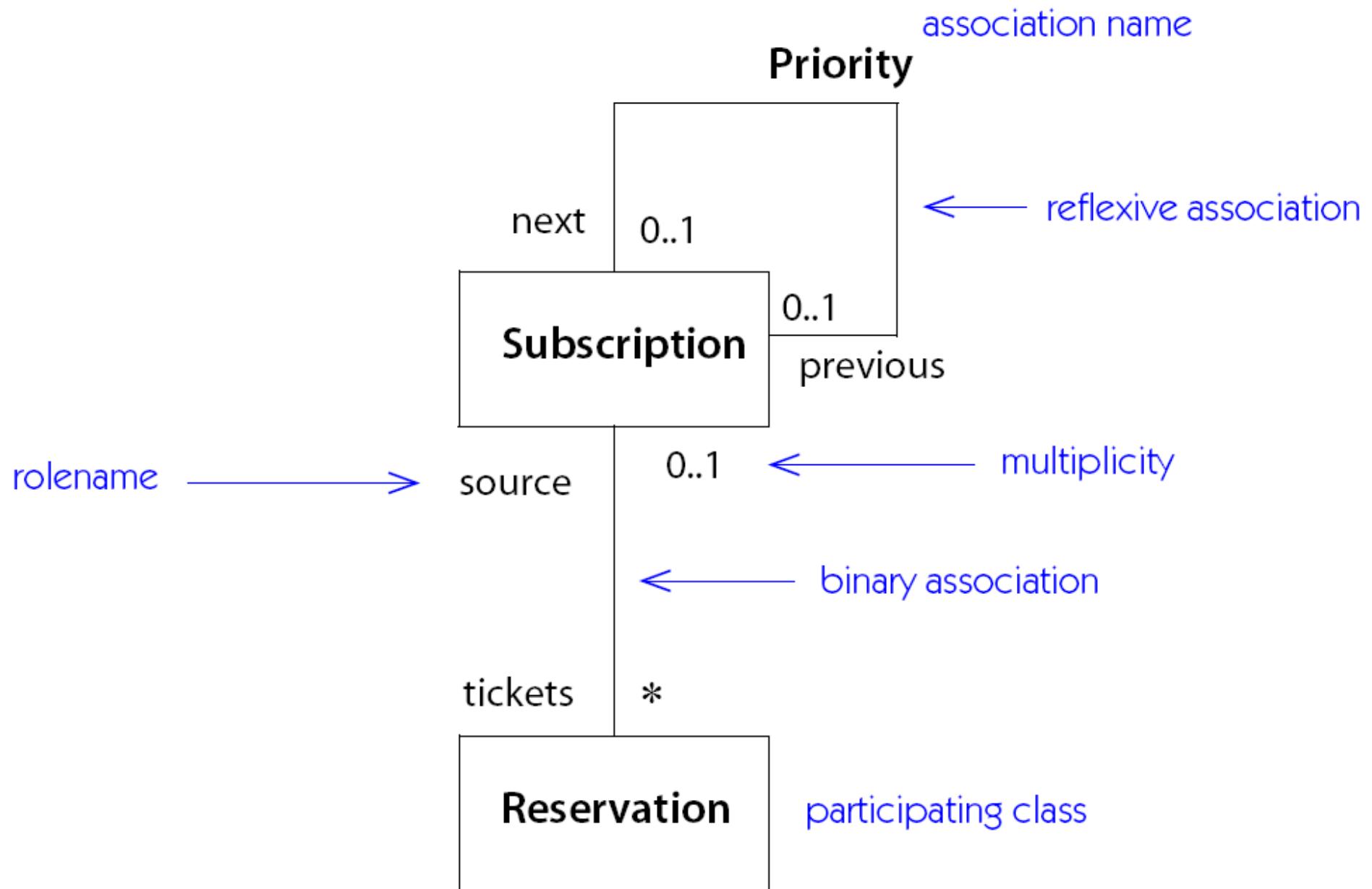
attributes

operations

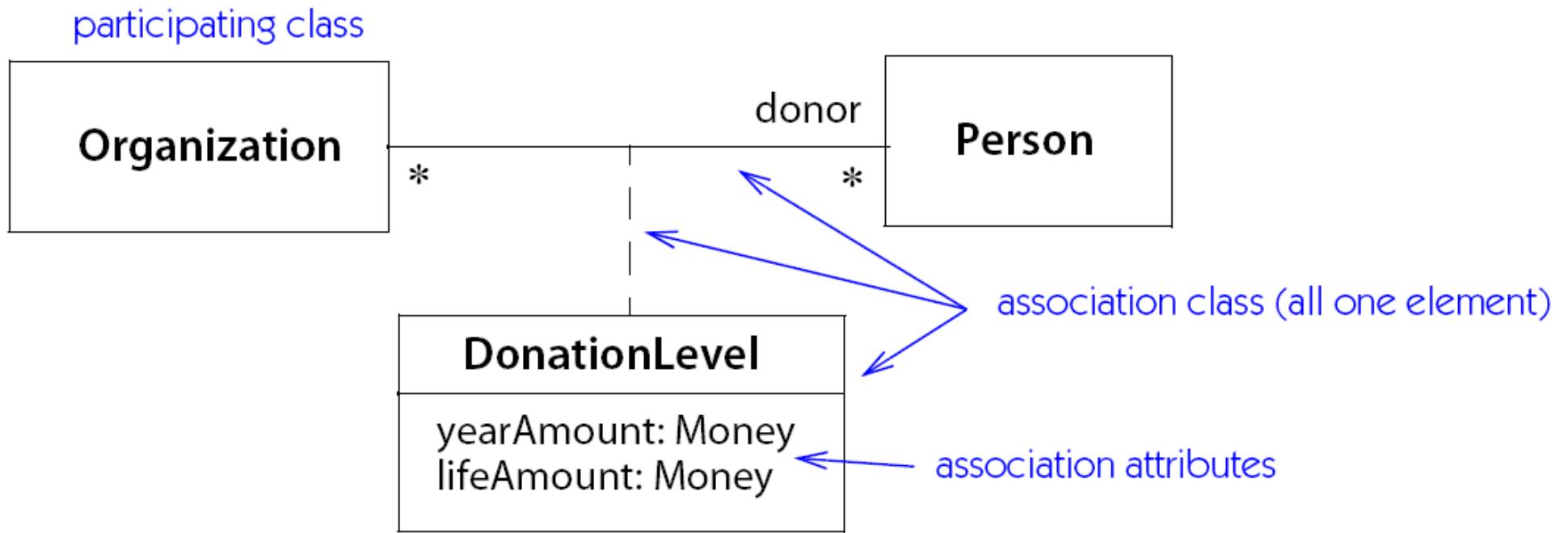
**Figure 4-1.** *Class notation*

**Table 4-2: Kinds of Relationships**

Relationship	Function	Notation
association	A description of a connection among instances of classes	—
dependency	A relationship between two model elements	- - - - 
generalization	A relationship between a more specific and a more general description, used for inheritance and polymorphic type declarations	
realization	Relationship between a specification and its implementation	
usage	A situation in which one element requires another for its correct functioning	



**Figure 4-2.** Association notation



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**Figure 4-3.** Association class

participating class



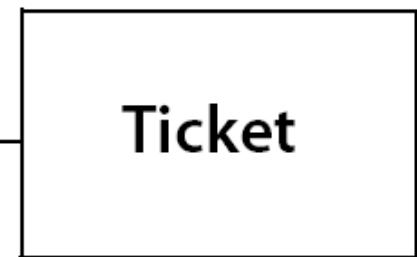
qualifier

date: Date  
seat: SeatNumber

qualified association

1      Sales      0..1

sale



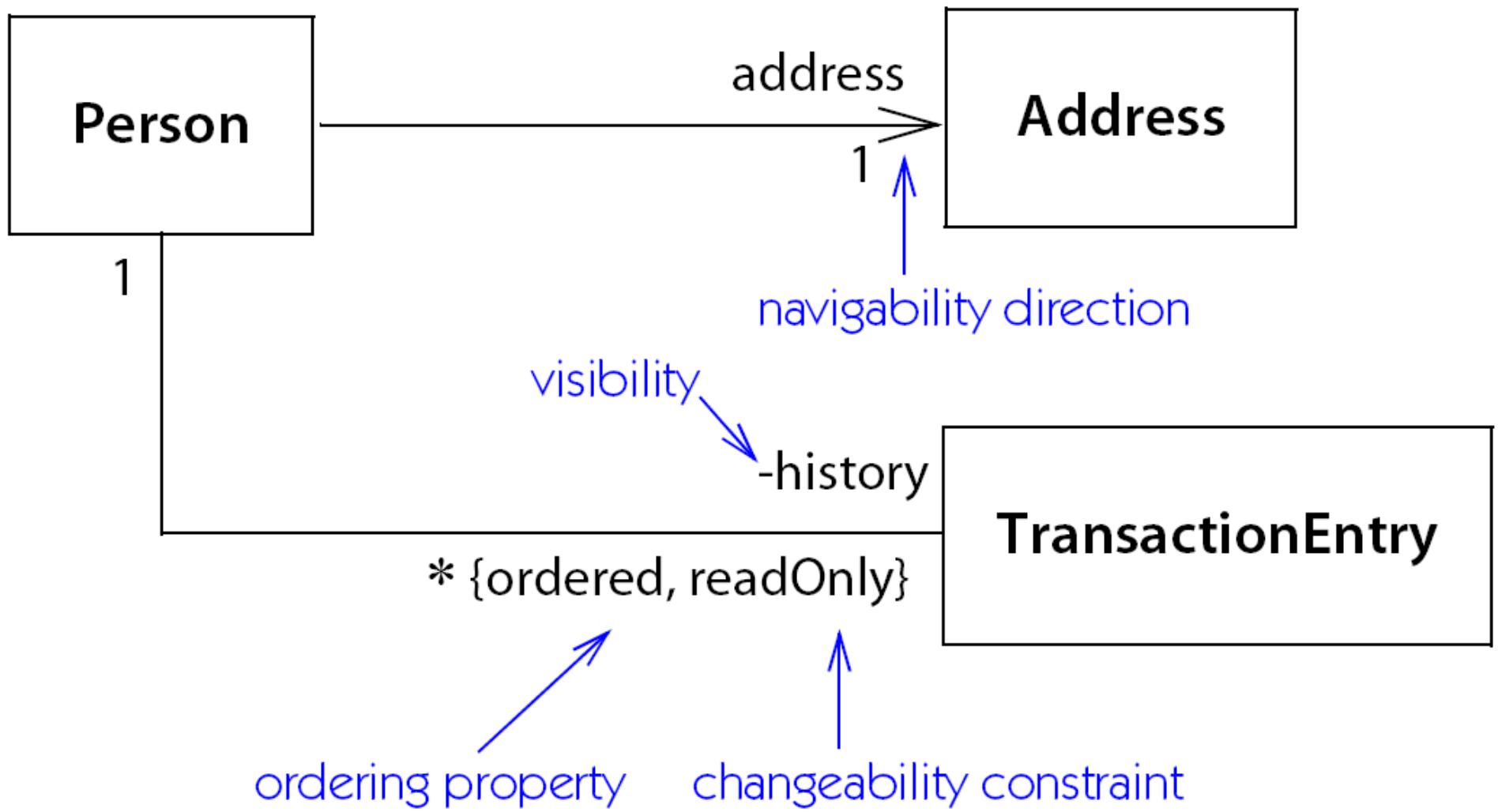
qualifier attributes



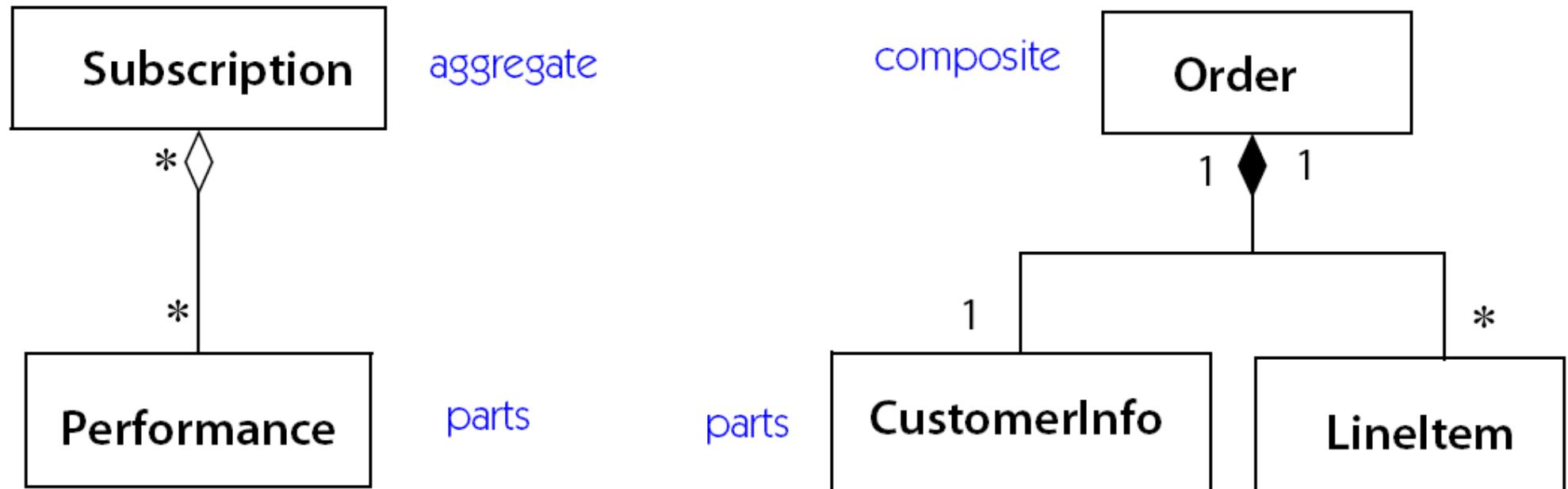
qualified multiplicity

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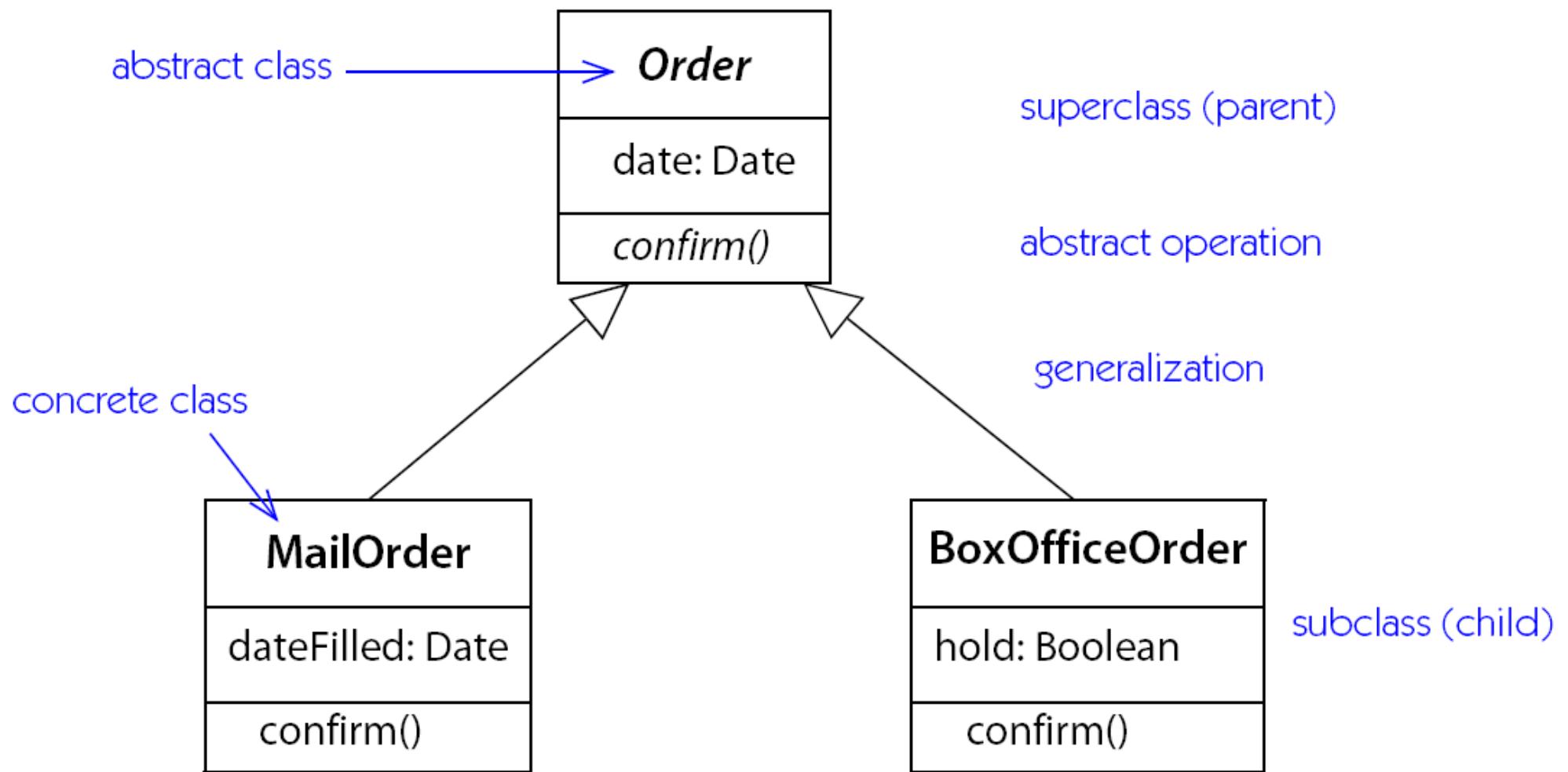
**Figure 4-4.** Qualified association



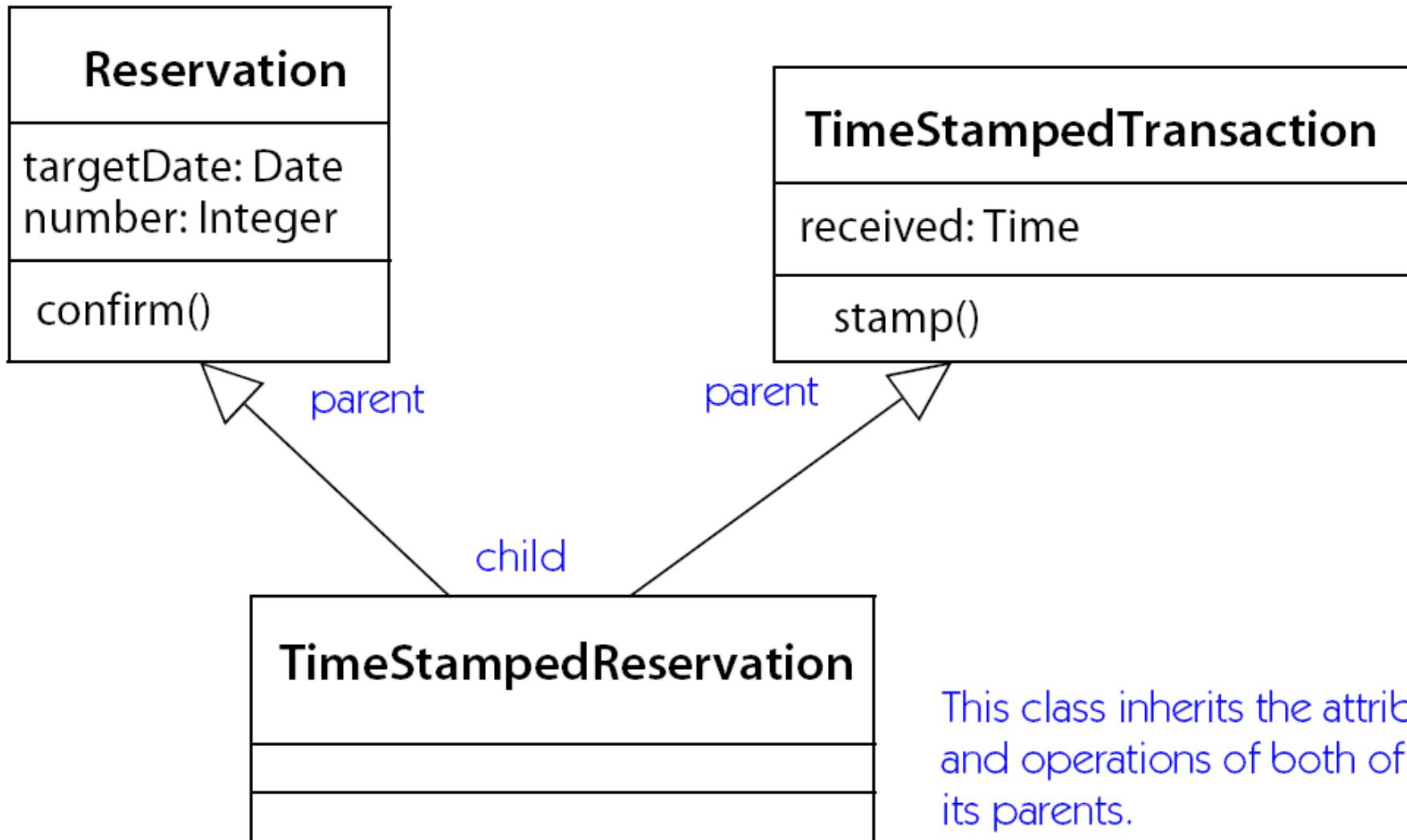
**Figure 4-5.** Design properties of association



**Figure 4-6.** Aggregation and composition



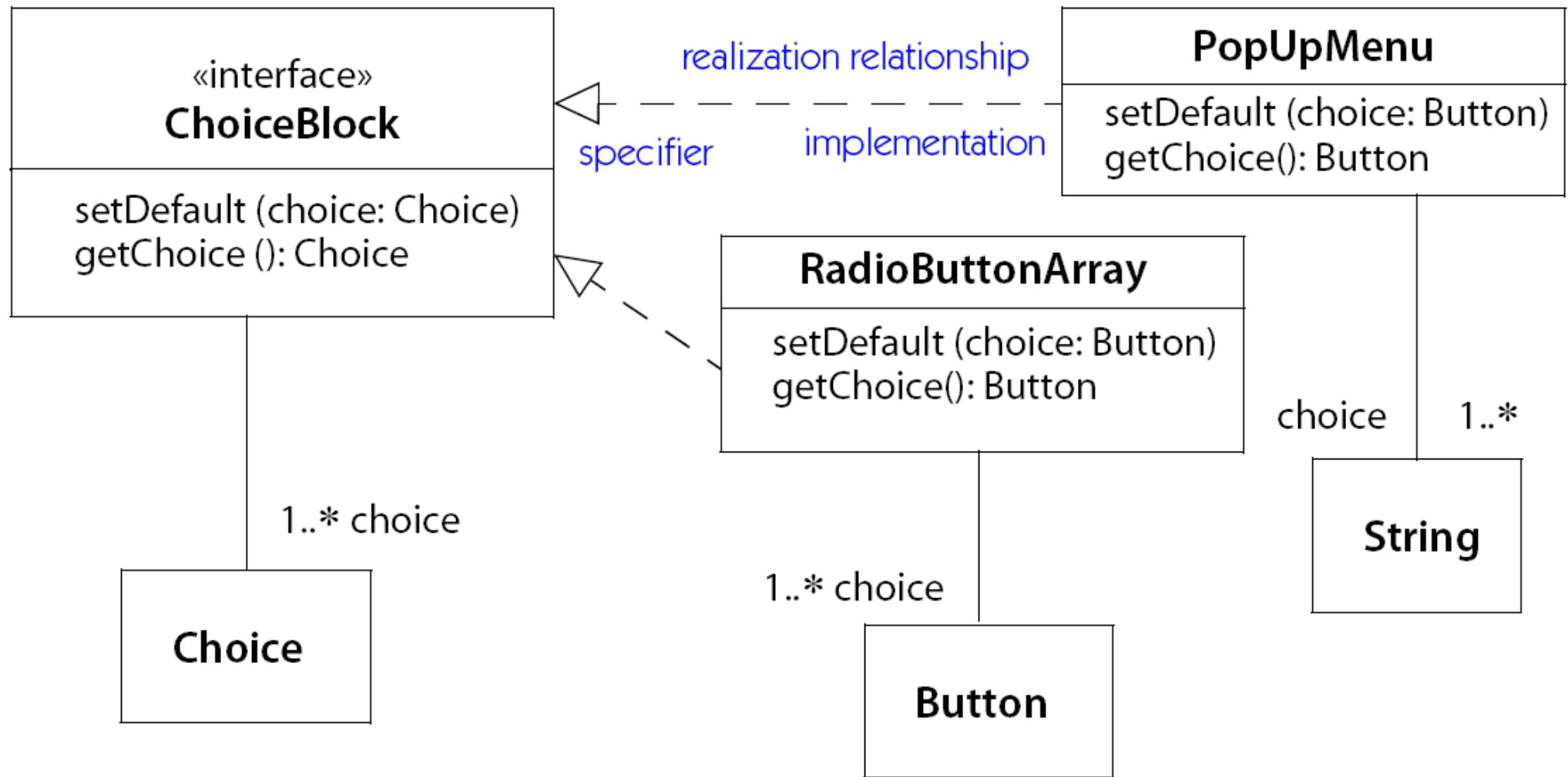
**Figure 4-7.** Generalization notation



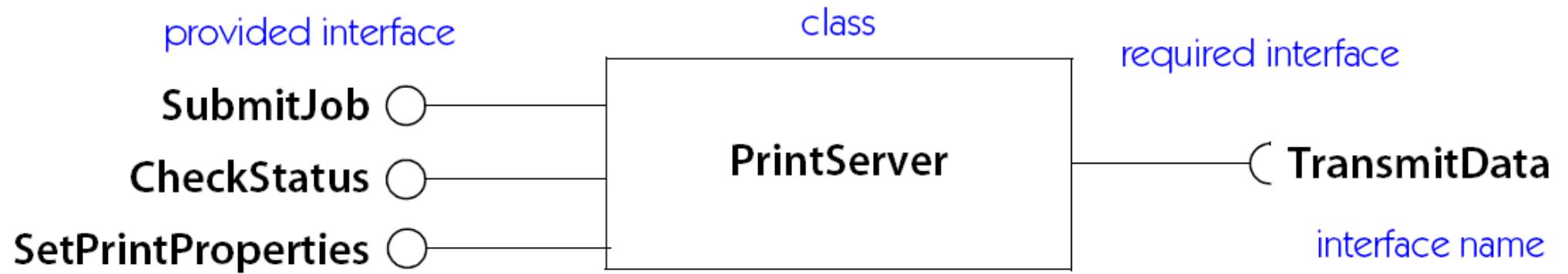
No new features are needed by the child.

This class inherits the attributes and operations of both of its parents.

**Figure 4-8.** Multiple inheritance



**Figure 4-9.** Realization relationship

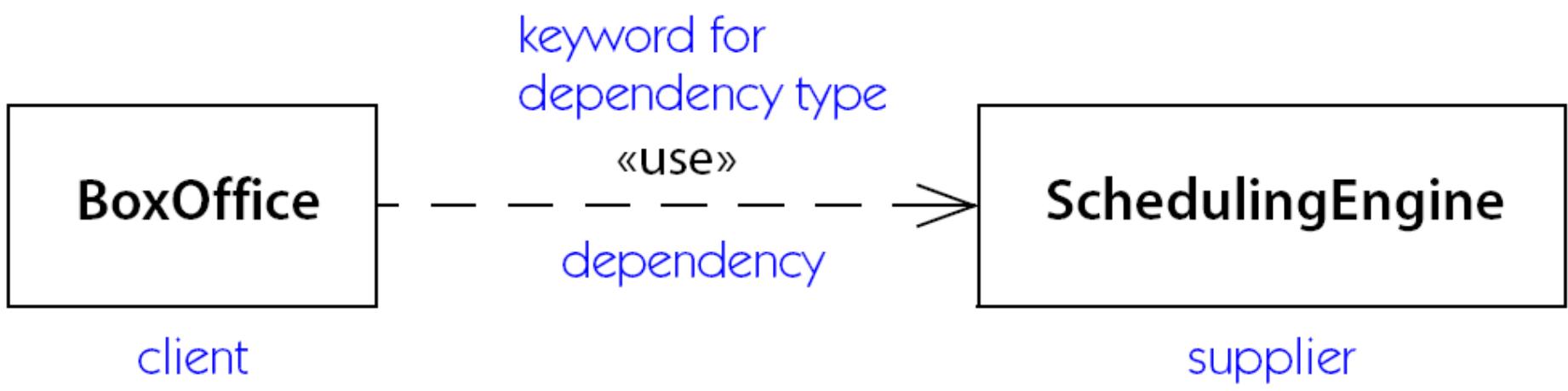


**Figure 4-10.** Provided and required interfaces

**Table 4-3:** *Kinds of Dependencies*

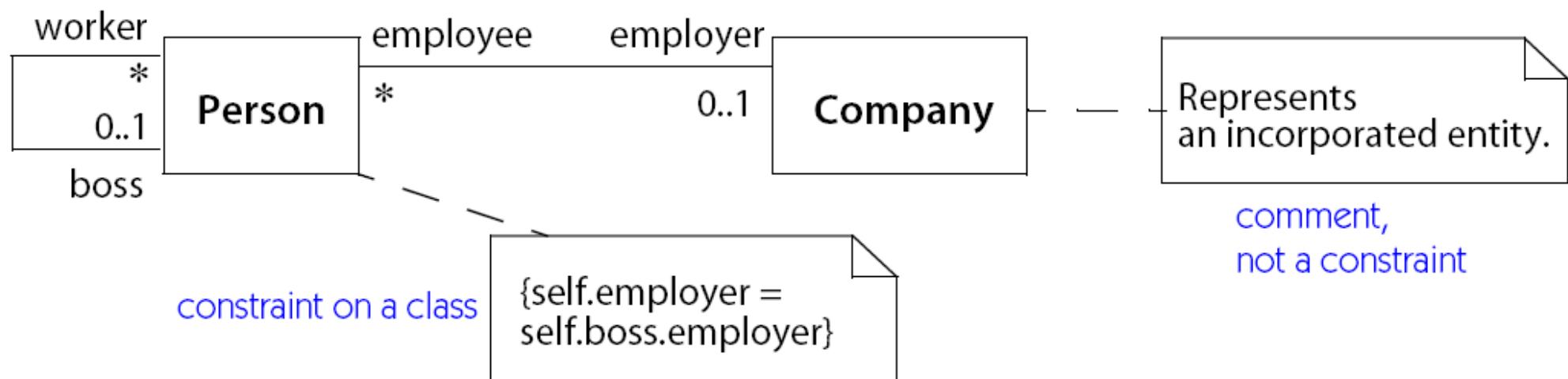
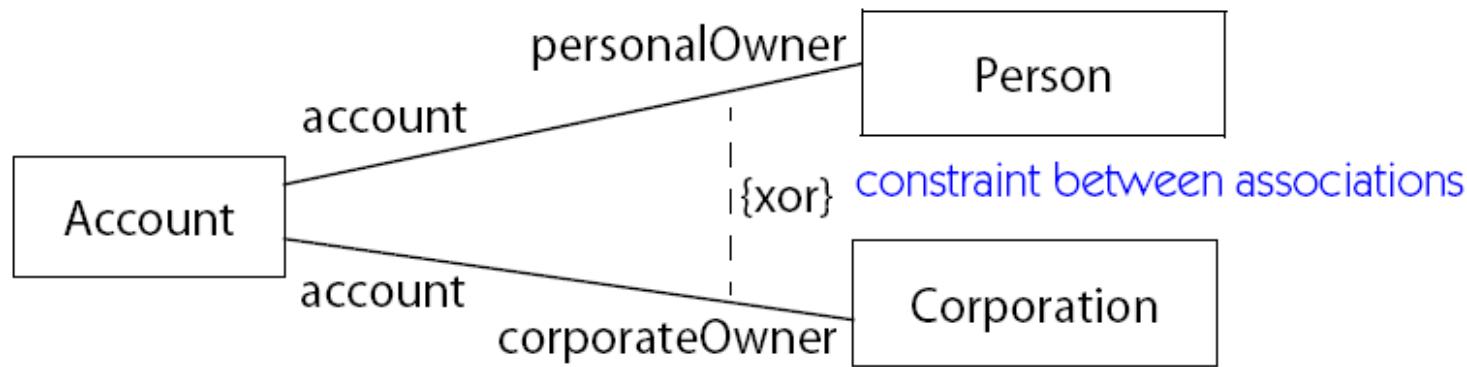
<i>Dependency</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Keyword</i>
access	A private import of the contents of another package	access
binding	Assignment of values to the parameters of a template to generate a new model element	bind
call	Statement that a method of one class calls an operation of another class	call
creation	Statement that one class creates instances of another class	create
derivation	Statement that one instance can be computed from another instance	derive
instantiation	Statement that a method of one class creates instances of another class	instantiate
permission	Permission for an element to use the contents of another element	permit

<b>realization</b>	Mapping between a specification and an implementation of it	<b>realize</b>
<b>refinement</b>	Statement that a mapping exists between elements at two different semantic levels	<b>refine</b>
<b>send</b>	Relationship between the sender of a signal and the receiver of the signal	<b>send</b>
<b>substitution</b>	Statement that the source class supports the interfaces and contracts of the target class and may be substituted for it	<b>substitute</b>
<b>trace dependency</b>	Statement that some connection exists between elements in different models, but less precise than a mapping	<b>trace</b>
<b>usage</b>	Statement that one element requires the presence of another element for its correct functioning (includes call, creation, instantiation, send, and potentially others)	<b>use</b>

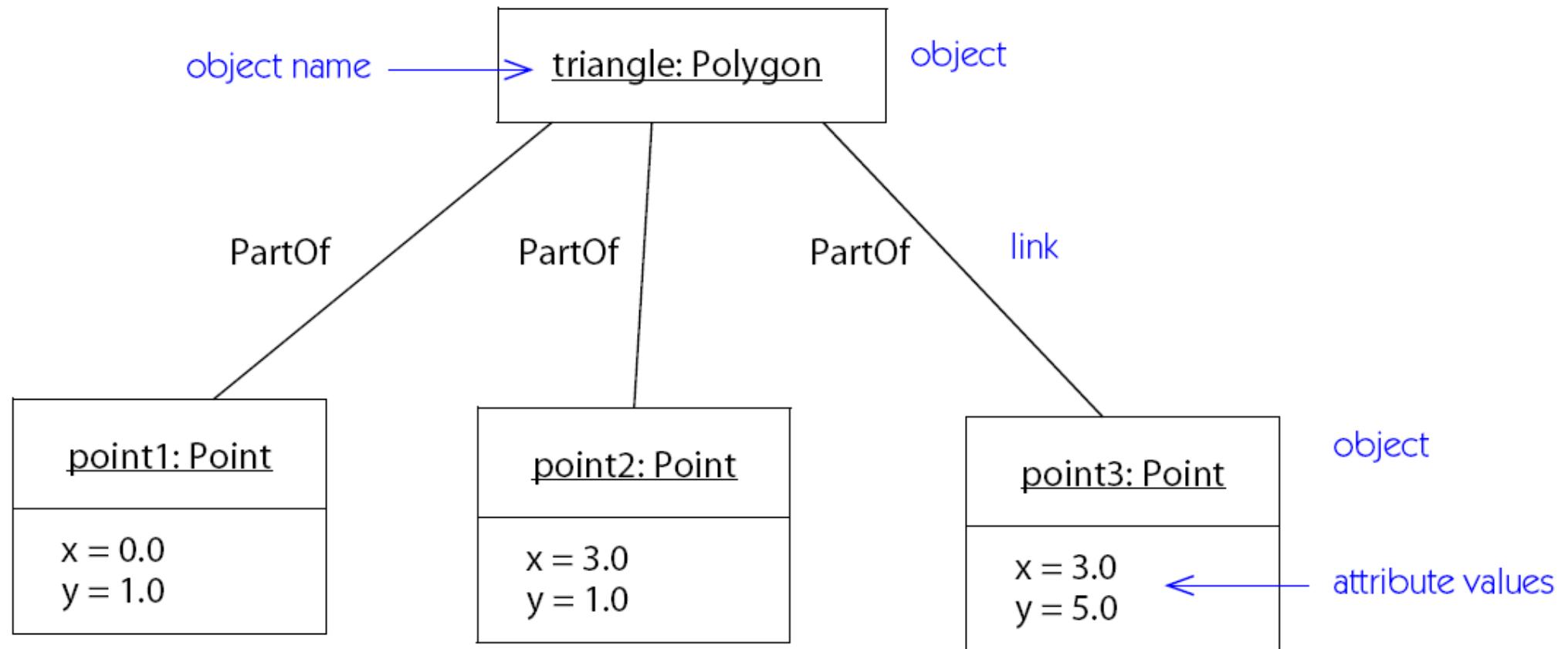


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**Figure 4-11.** *Dependencies*

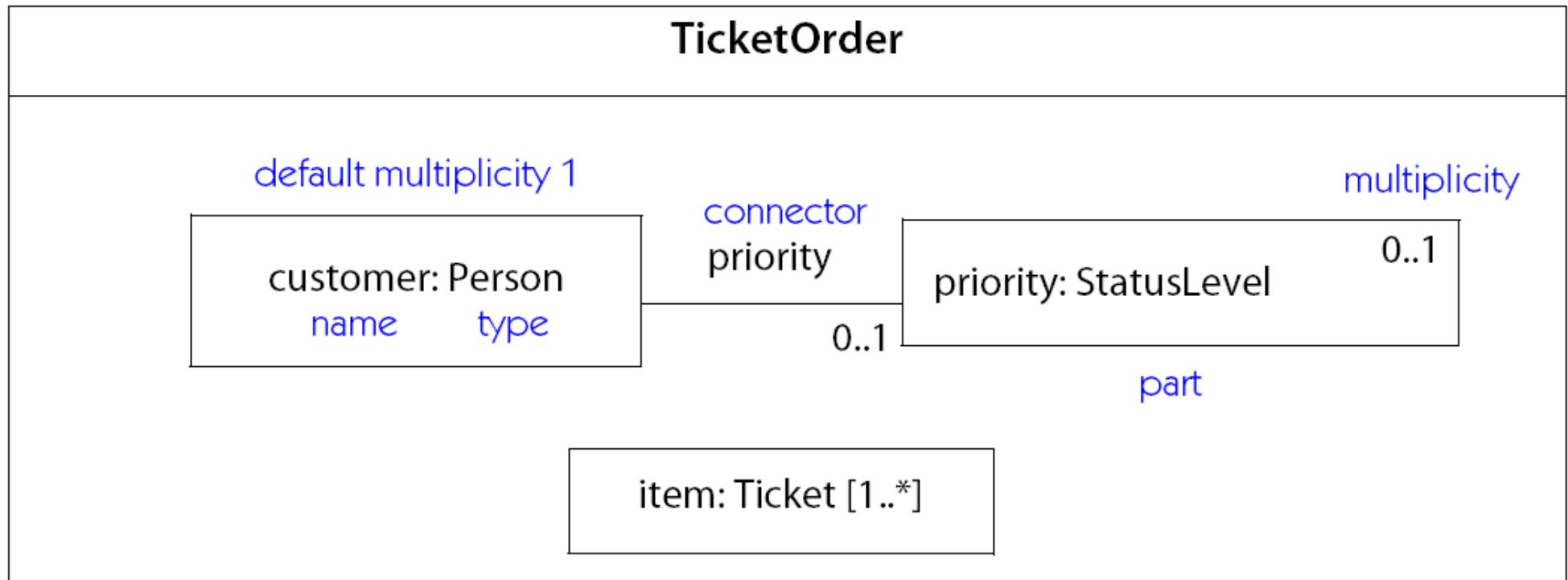


**Figure 4-12.** *Constraints*



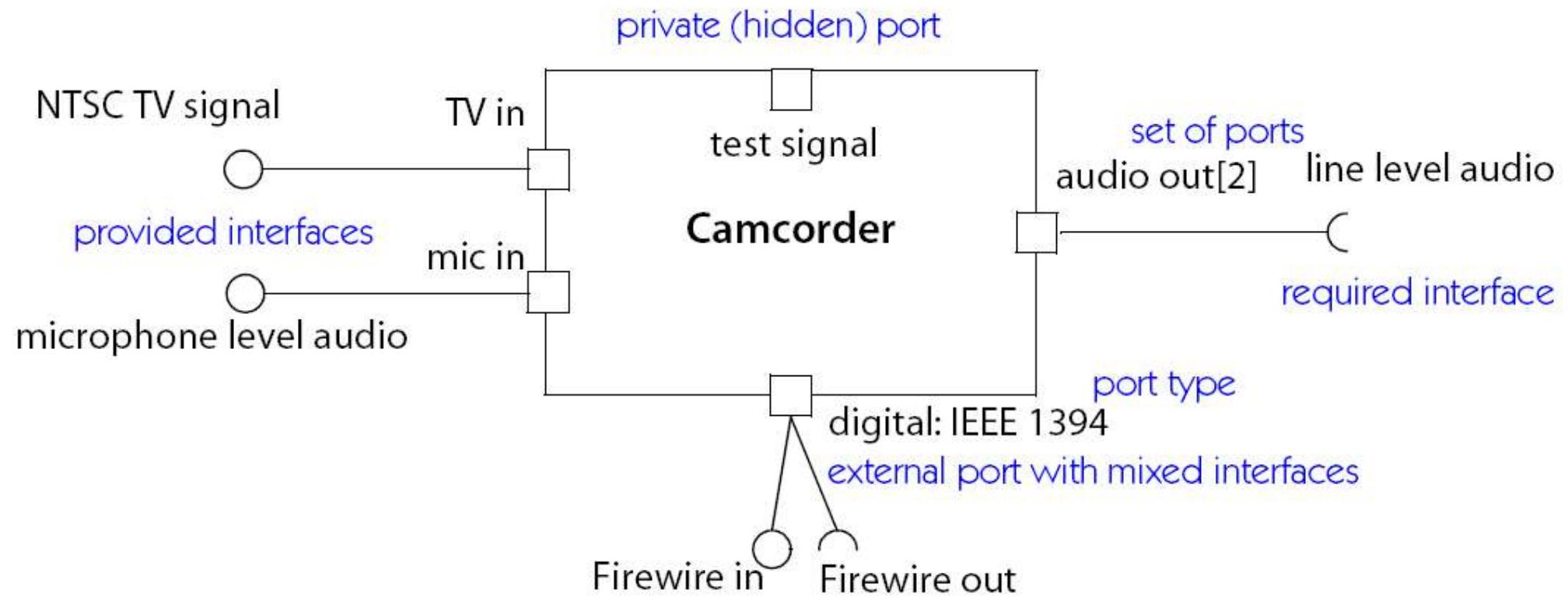
**Figure 4-13.** Object diagram

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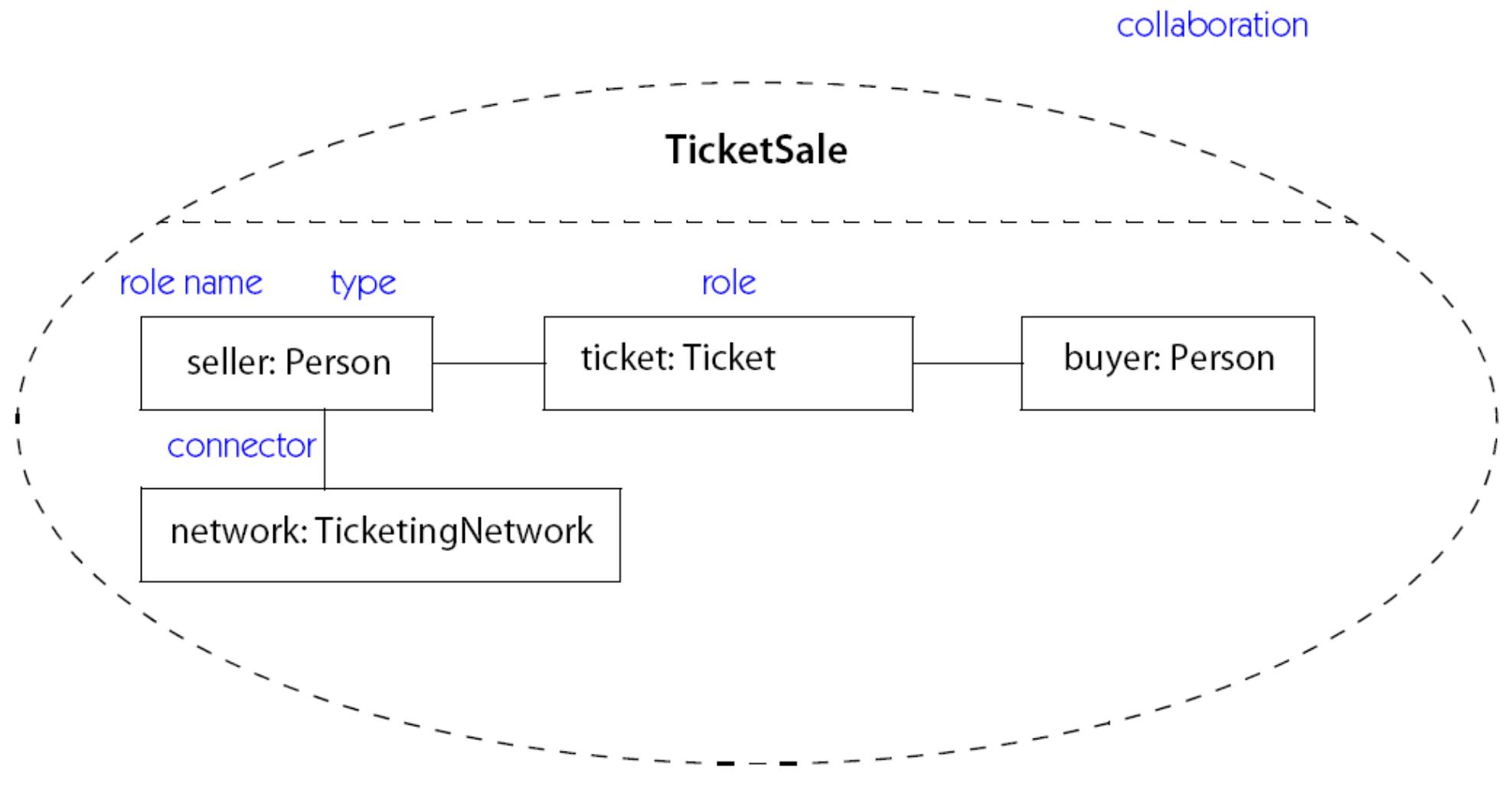


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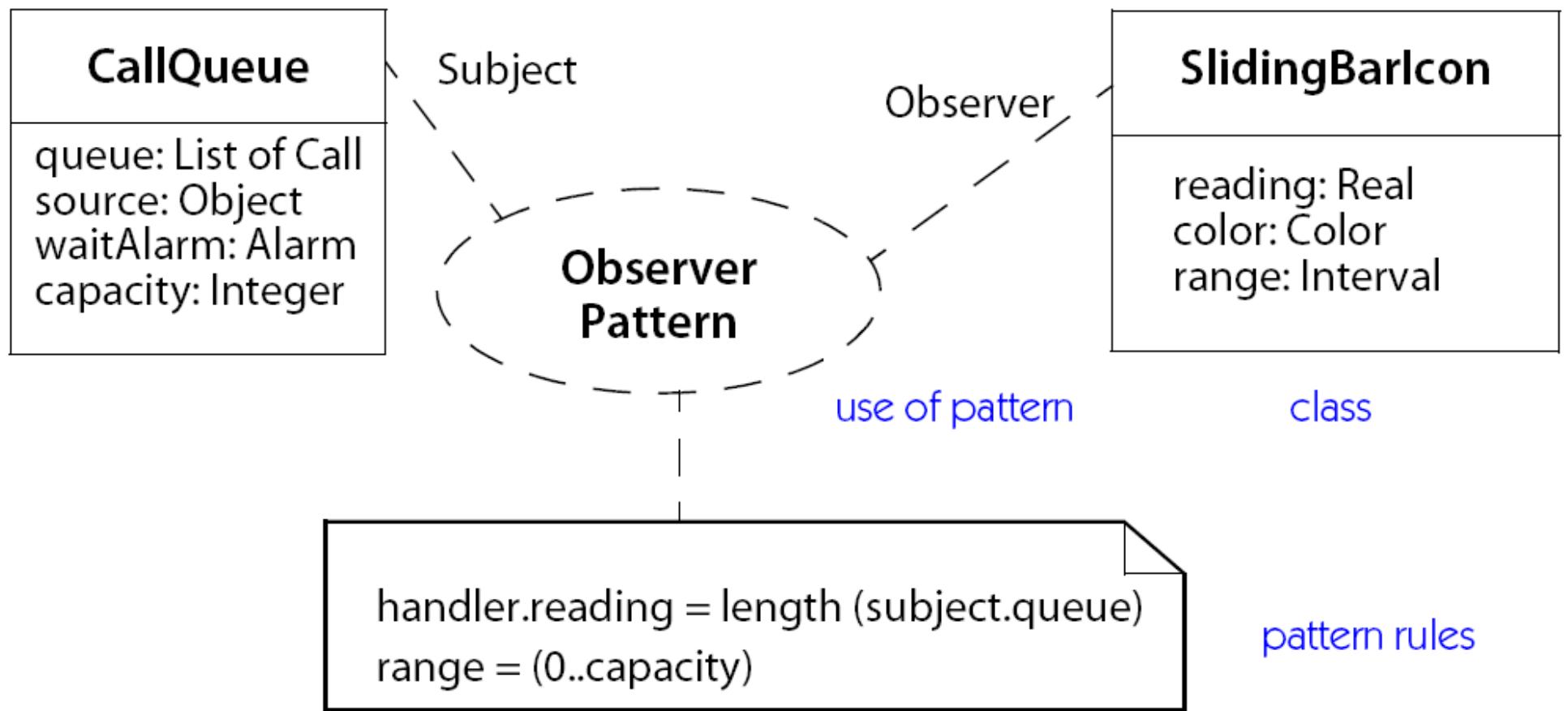
**Figure 5-1.** *Structured class*



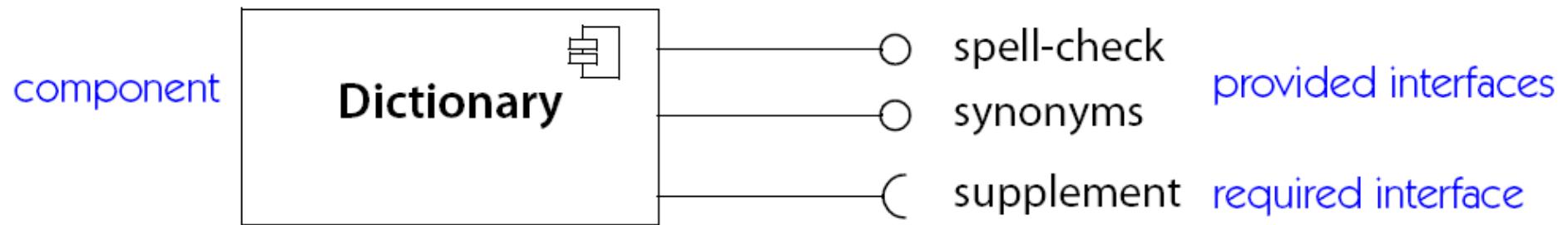
**Figure 5-2.** Structured class with ports



**Figure 5-3.** Collaboration definition

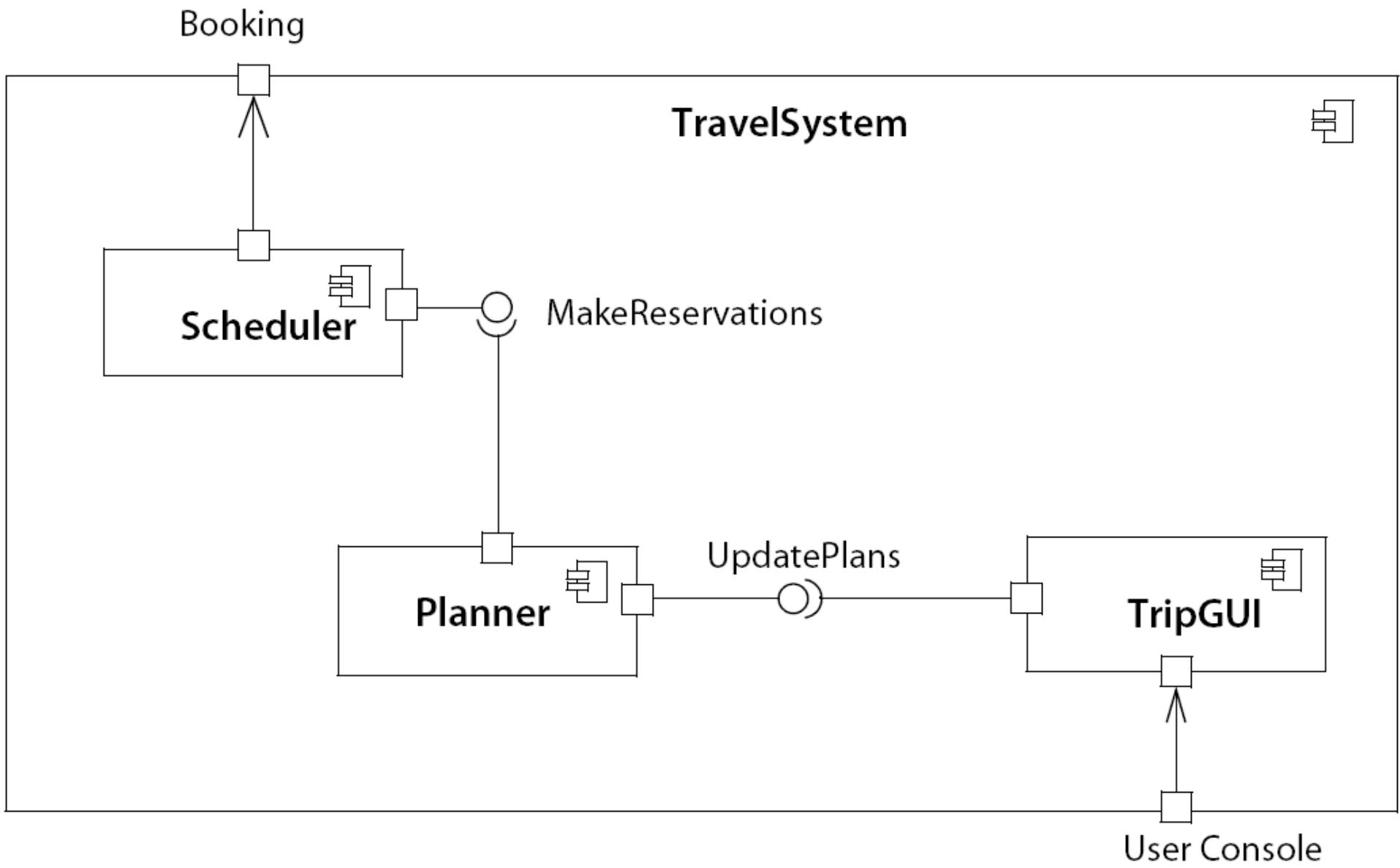


**Figure 5-4.** *Pattern usage*



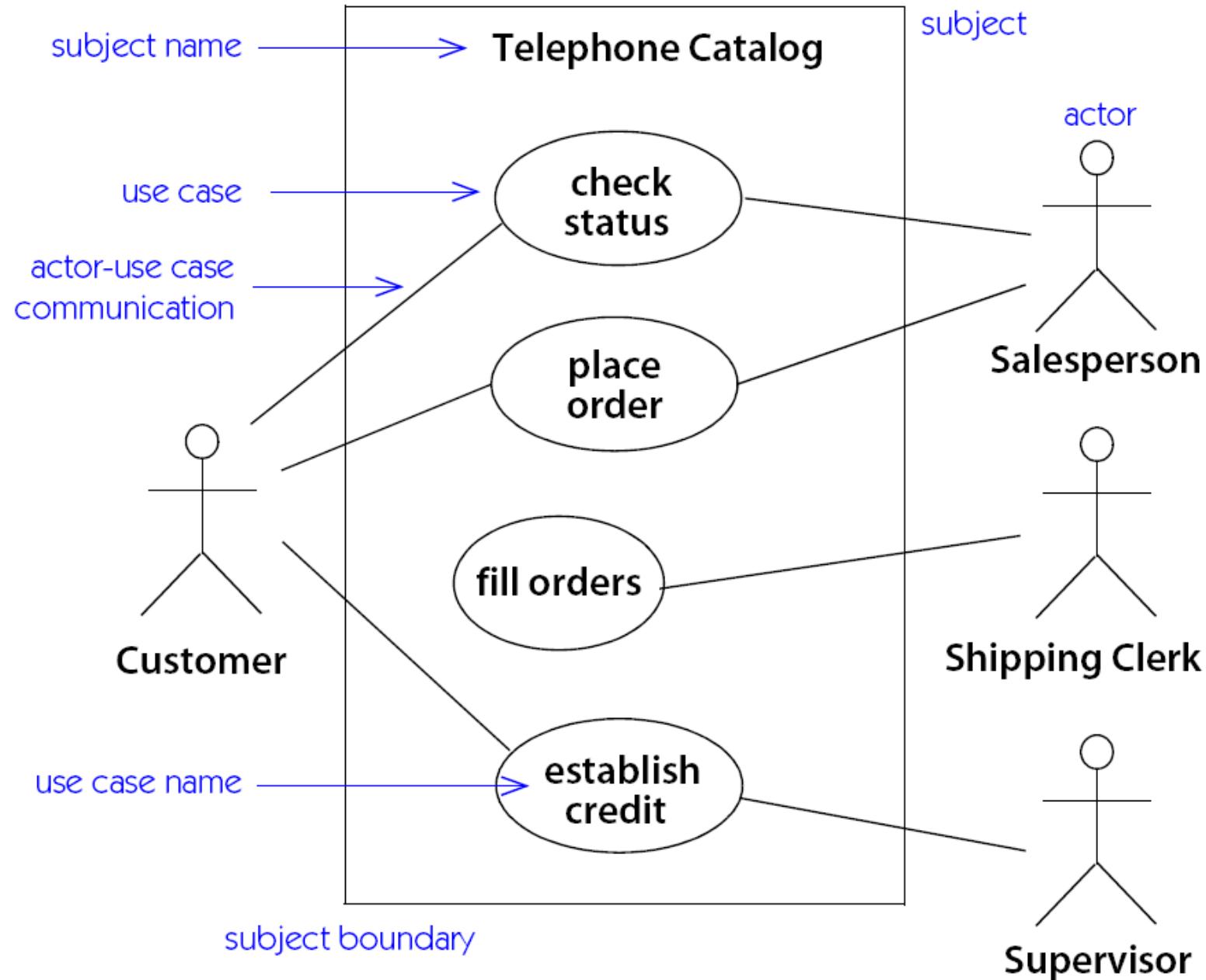
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**Figure 5-5.** Component with interfaces



**Figure 5-6.** Component internal structure

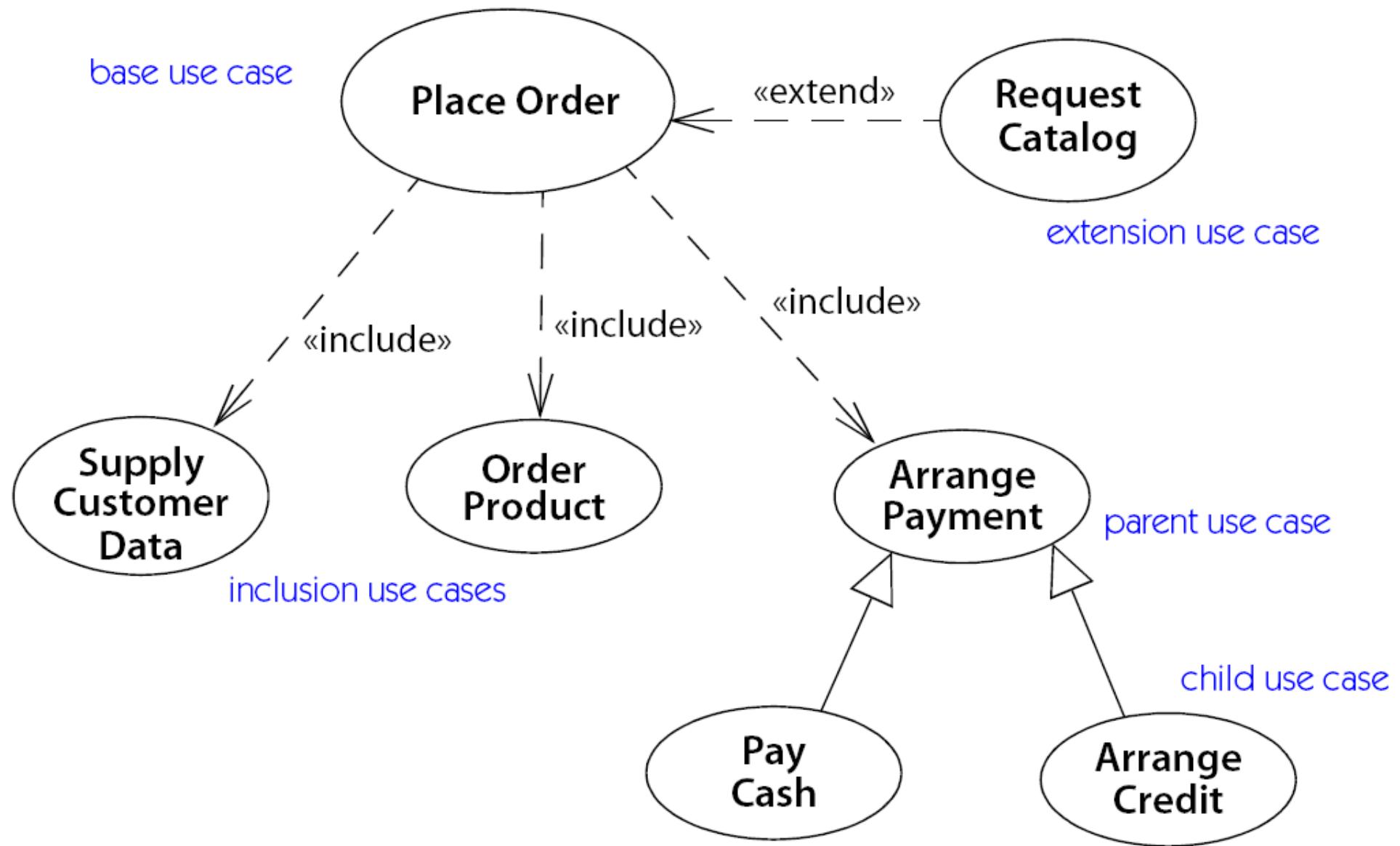
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**Figure 6-1.** Use case diagram

**Table 6-1:** *Kinds of Use Case Relationships*

<i>Relationship</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Notation</i>
association	The communication path between an actor and a use case that it participates in	_____
extend	The insertion of additional behavior into a base use case that does not know about it	«extend» - - - - ➤
include	The insertion of additional behavior into a base use case that explicitly describes the insertion	«include» - - - - ➤
use case generalization	A relationship between a general use case and a more specific use case that inherits and adds features to it	→

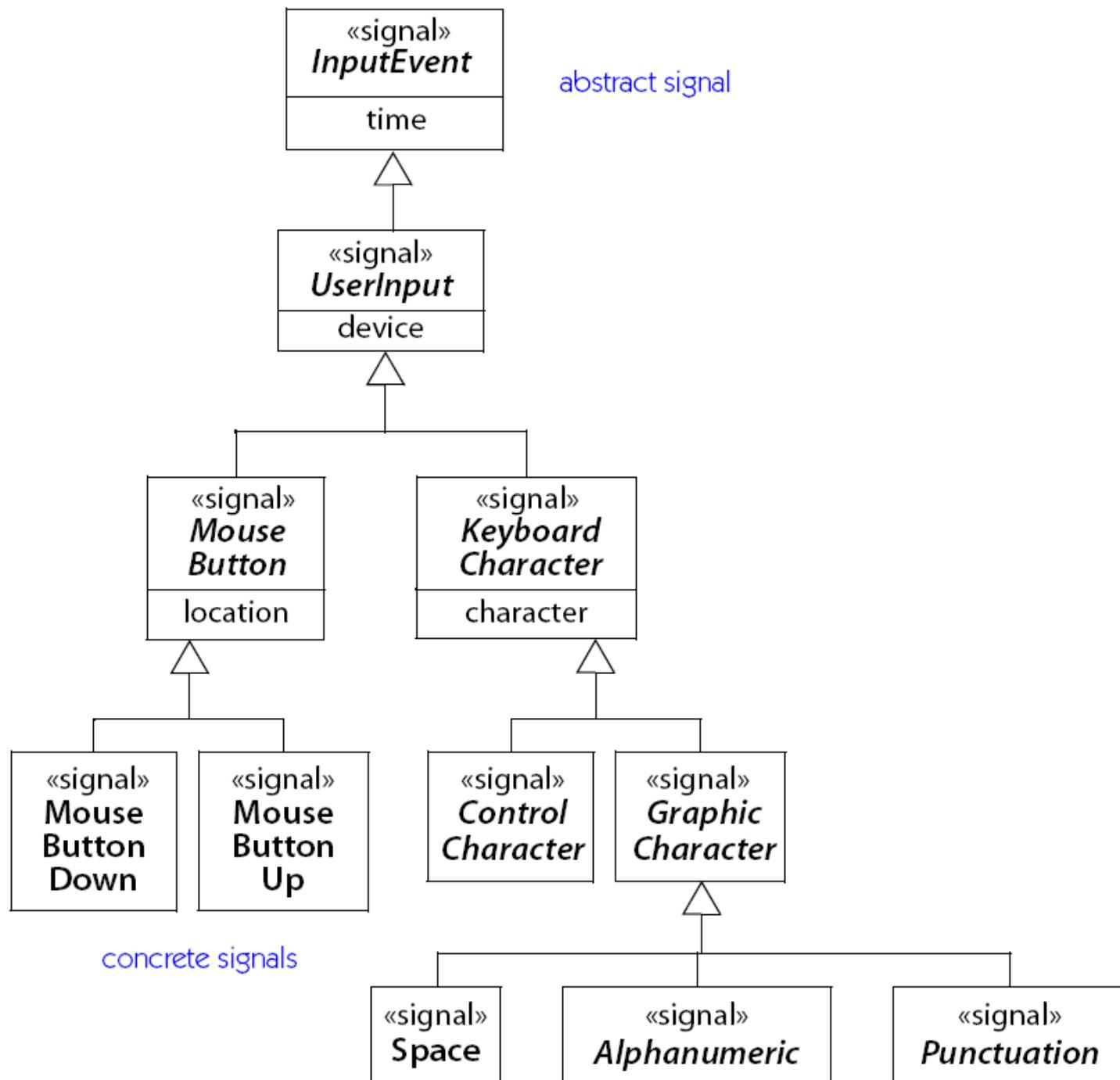


**Figure 6-2.** Use case relationships

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**Table 7-1:** *Kinds of Events*

<i>Event Type</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Syntax</i>
call event	Receipt of an explicit synchronous call request by an object	op (a:T)
change event	A change in value of a Boolean expression	when (exp)
signal event	Receipt of an explicit, named, asynchronous communication among objects	sname (a:T)
time event	The arrival of an absolute time or the passage of a relative amount of time	after (time)



**Figure 7-1.** Signal hierarchy

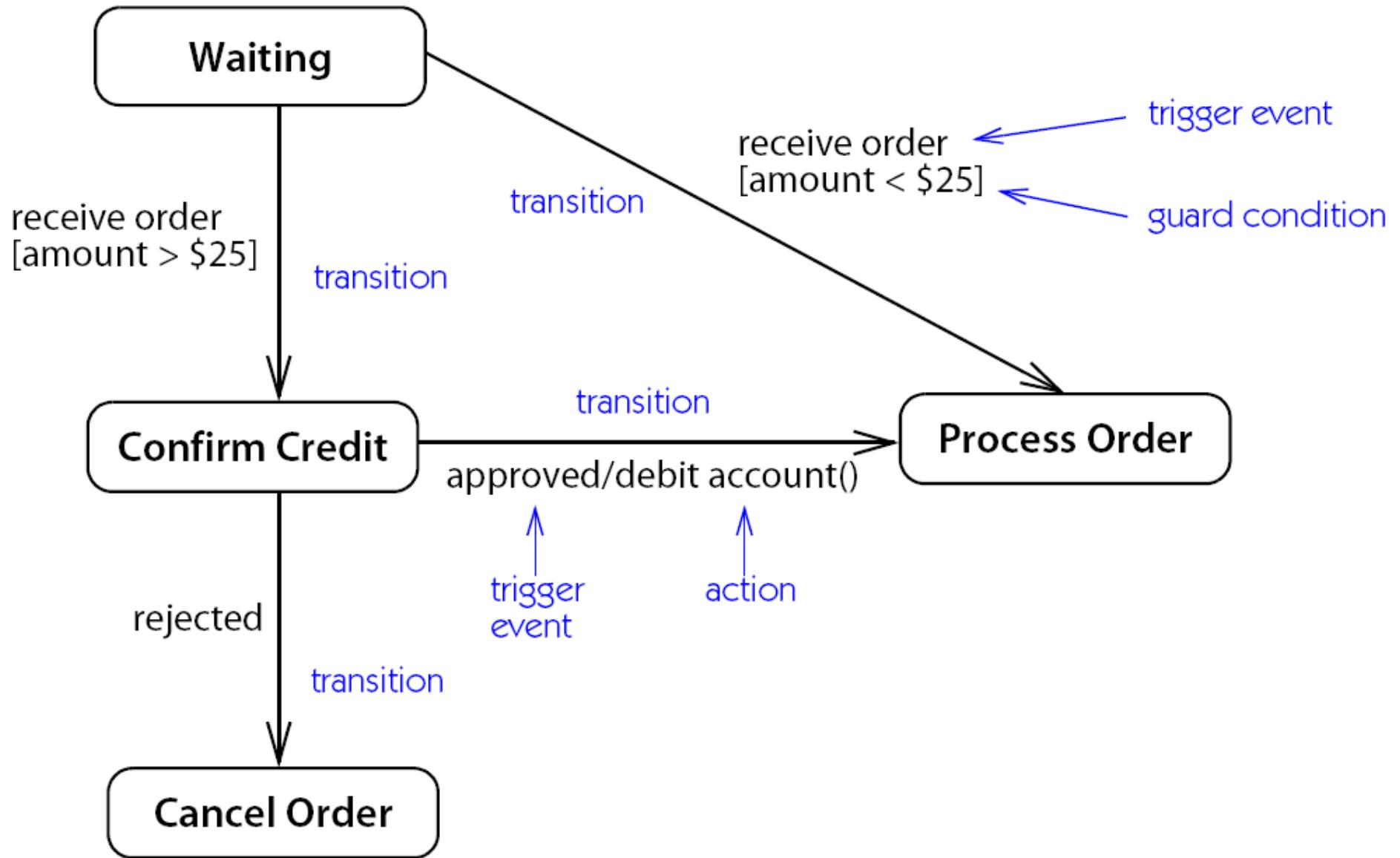
Confirm Credit

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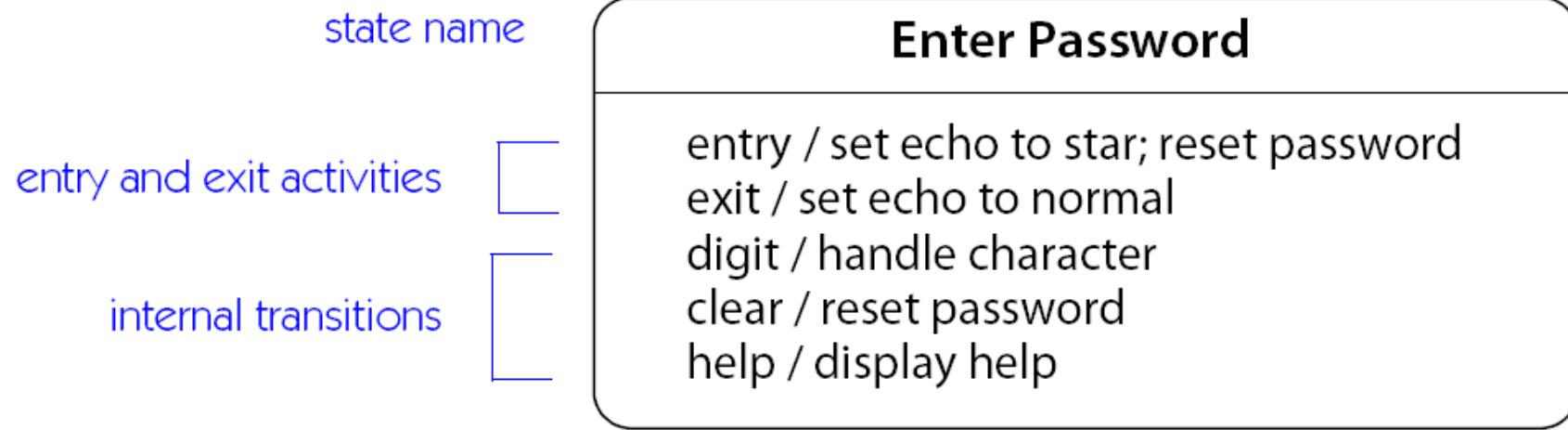
**Figure 7-2.** State

**Table 7-2:** *Kinds of Transitions and Implicit Effects*

<i>Transition Kind</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Syntax</i>
entry transition	The specification of an <b>entry activity</b> that is executed when a state is entered	<b>entry/ activity</b>
exit transition	The specification of an <b>exit activity</b> that is executed when a state is exited	<b>exit/ activity</b>
external <b>transition</b>	A response to an <b>event</b> that causes a change of <b>state</b> or a self-transition, together with a specified <b>effect</b> . It may also cause the execution of exit and/or entry activities for states that are exited or entered.	<b>e(a:T)[guard]/activity</b>
<b>internal transition</b>	A response to an event that causes the execution of an effect but does not cause a change of state or execution of exit or entry activities	<b>e(a:T)[guard]/activity</b>



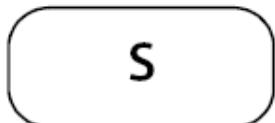
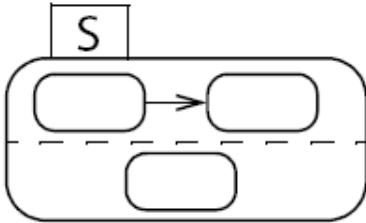
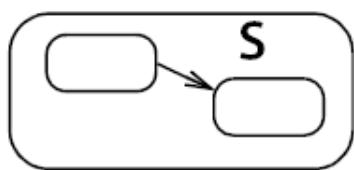
**Figure 7-3.** External transitions



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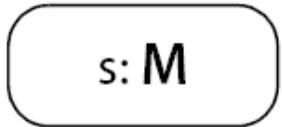
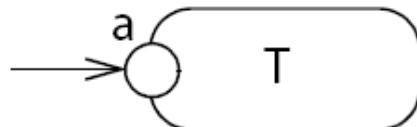
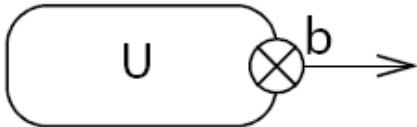
**Figure 7-4.** Internal transitions, and entry and exit actions

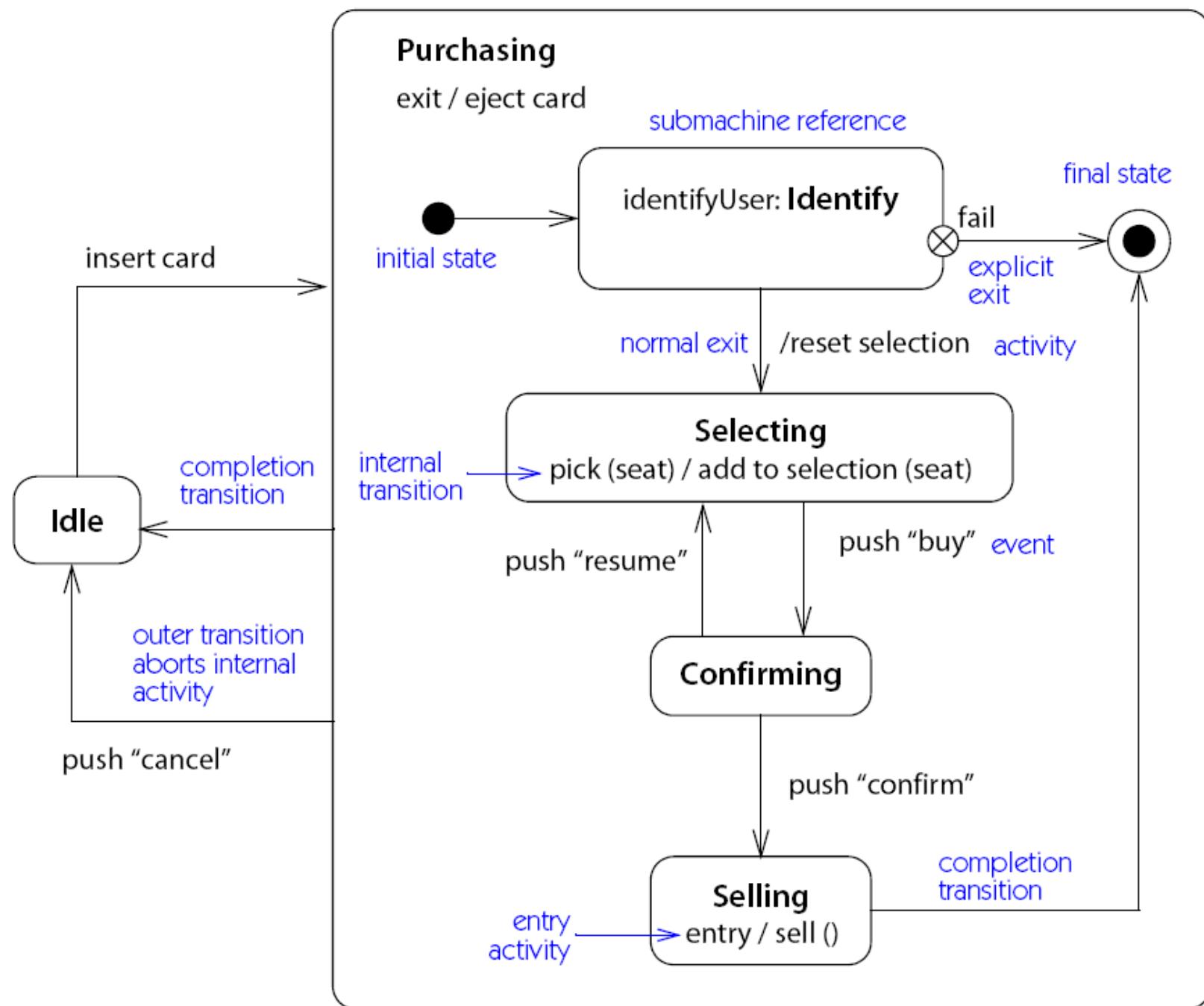
**Table 7-3: Kinds of States**

State Kind	Description	Notation
simple state	A <b>state</b> with no substructure	
orthogonal state	A state that is divided into two or more regions. One <b>direct substate</b> from each <b>region</b> is concurrently active when the composite state is active.	
nonorthogonal state	A composite state that contains one or more direct substates, exactly one of which is active at one time when the composite state is active	
initial state	A <b>pseudostate</b> that indicates the starting state when the enclosing state is invoked	

<b>final state</b>	A special state whose activation indicates the enclosing state has completed activity	
<b>terminate</b>	A special state whose activation terminates execution of the object owning the state machine	
<b>junction</b>	A pseudostate that chains <b>transition</b> segments into a single <b>run-to-completion</b> transition	
<b>choice</b>	A pseudostate that performs a dynamic branch within a single run-to-completion transition	
<b>history state</b>	A pseudostate whose activation restores the previously active state within a <b>composite state</b>	

**Table 7-3:** *Kinds of States*

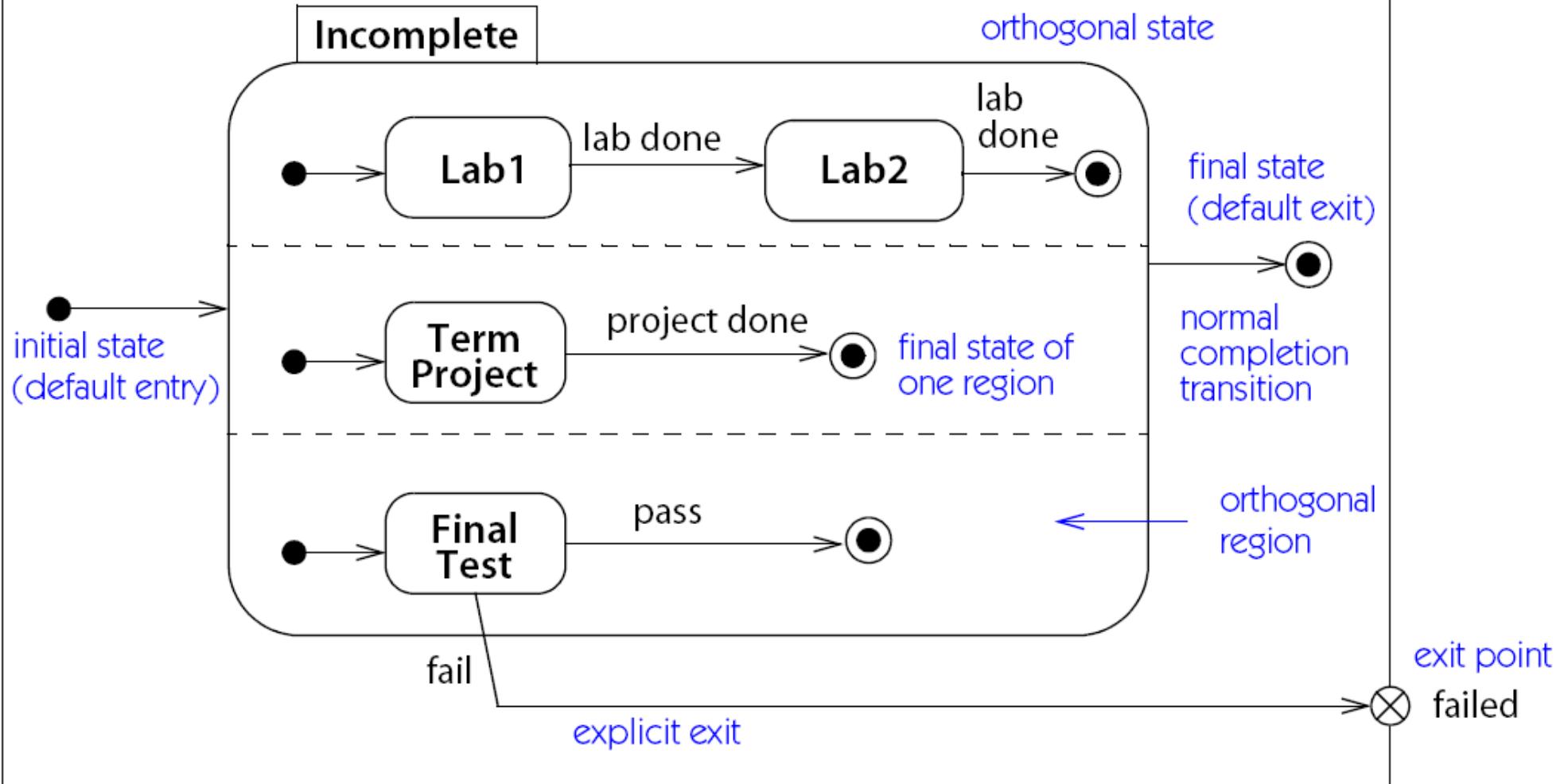
State Kind	Description	Notation
submachine state	A state that references a state machine definition, which conceptually replaces the submachine state	
entry point	A externally visible pseudostate within a state machine that identifies an internal state as a target	
exit point	A externally visible pseudostate within a state machine that identifies an internal state as a source	



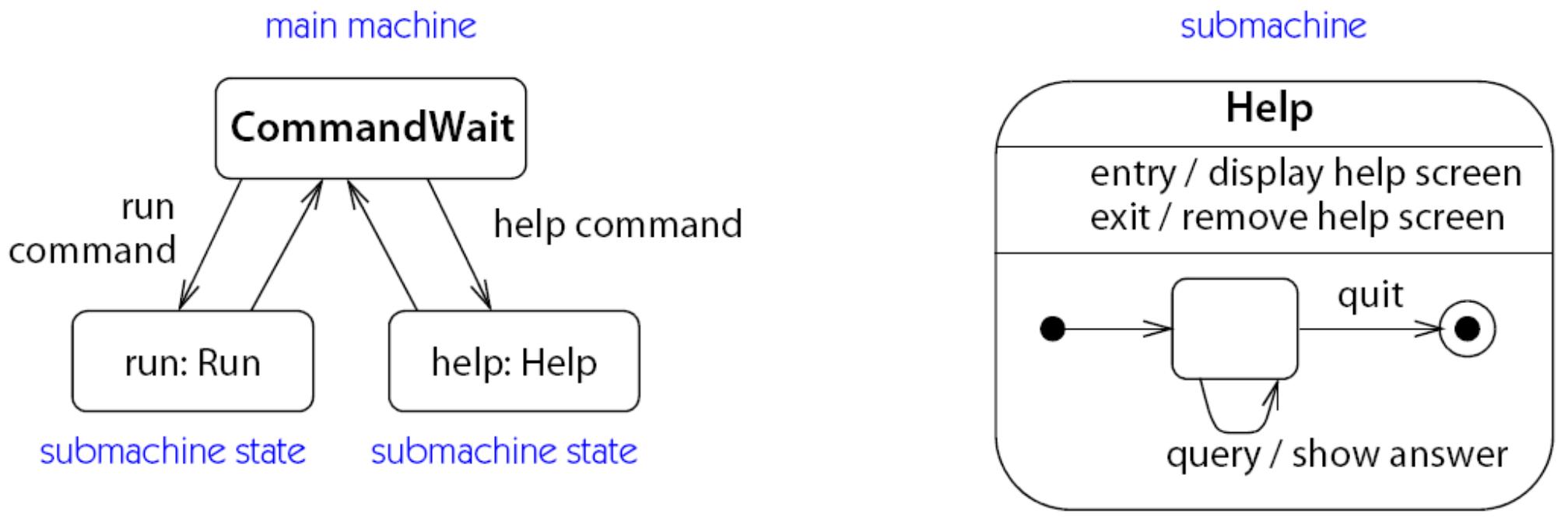
**Figure 7-5.** State machine

## Taking Class

state machine



**Figure 7-6.** State machine with orthogonal composite state



**Figure 7-7.** Submachine state

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<i>Activity .....</i>	96
<i>Activities and Other Views.....</i>	98
<i>Action .....</i>	98

## BoxOffice::ProcessOrder

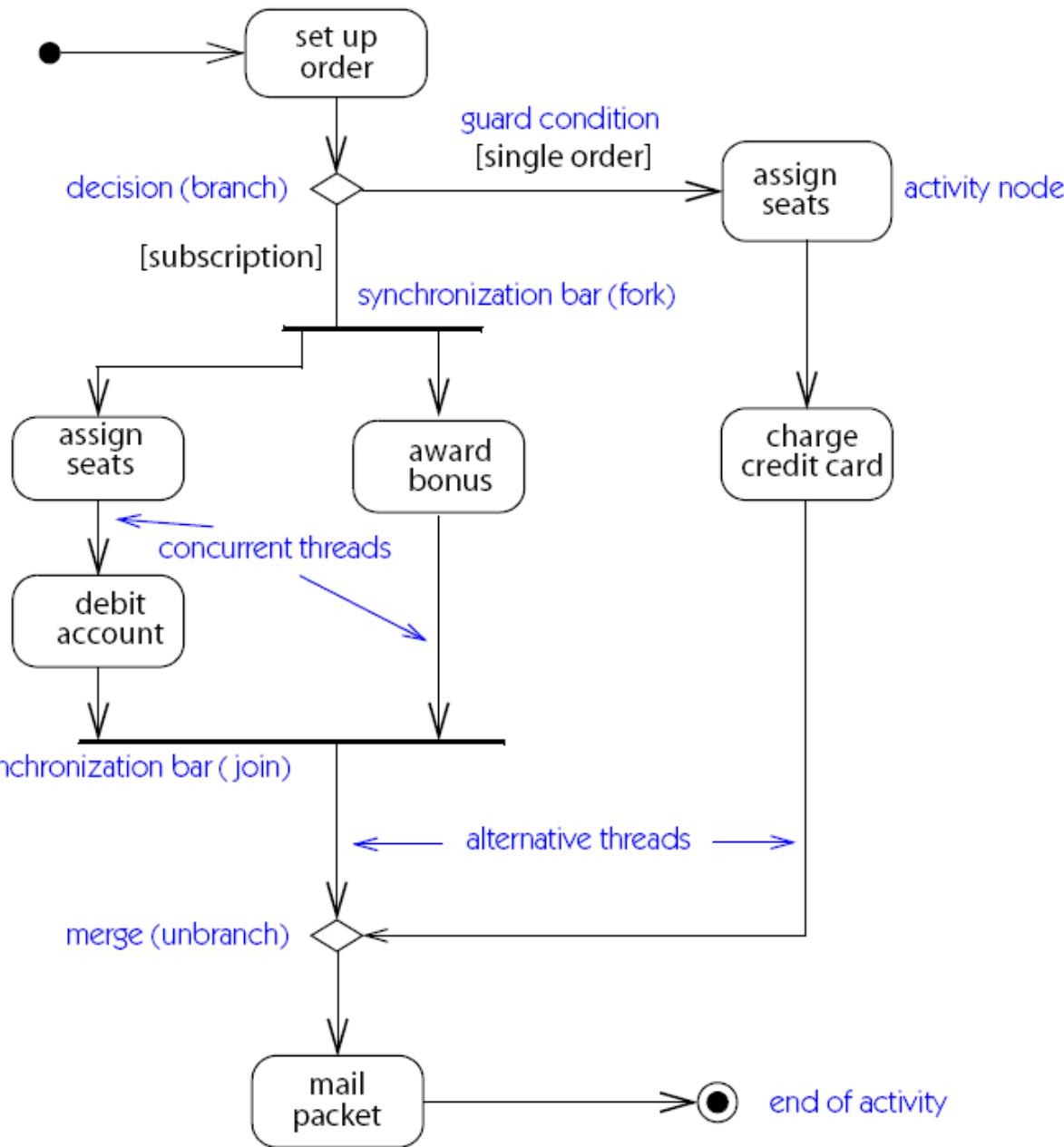
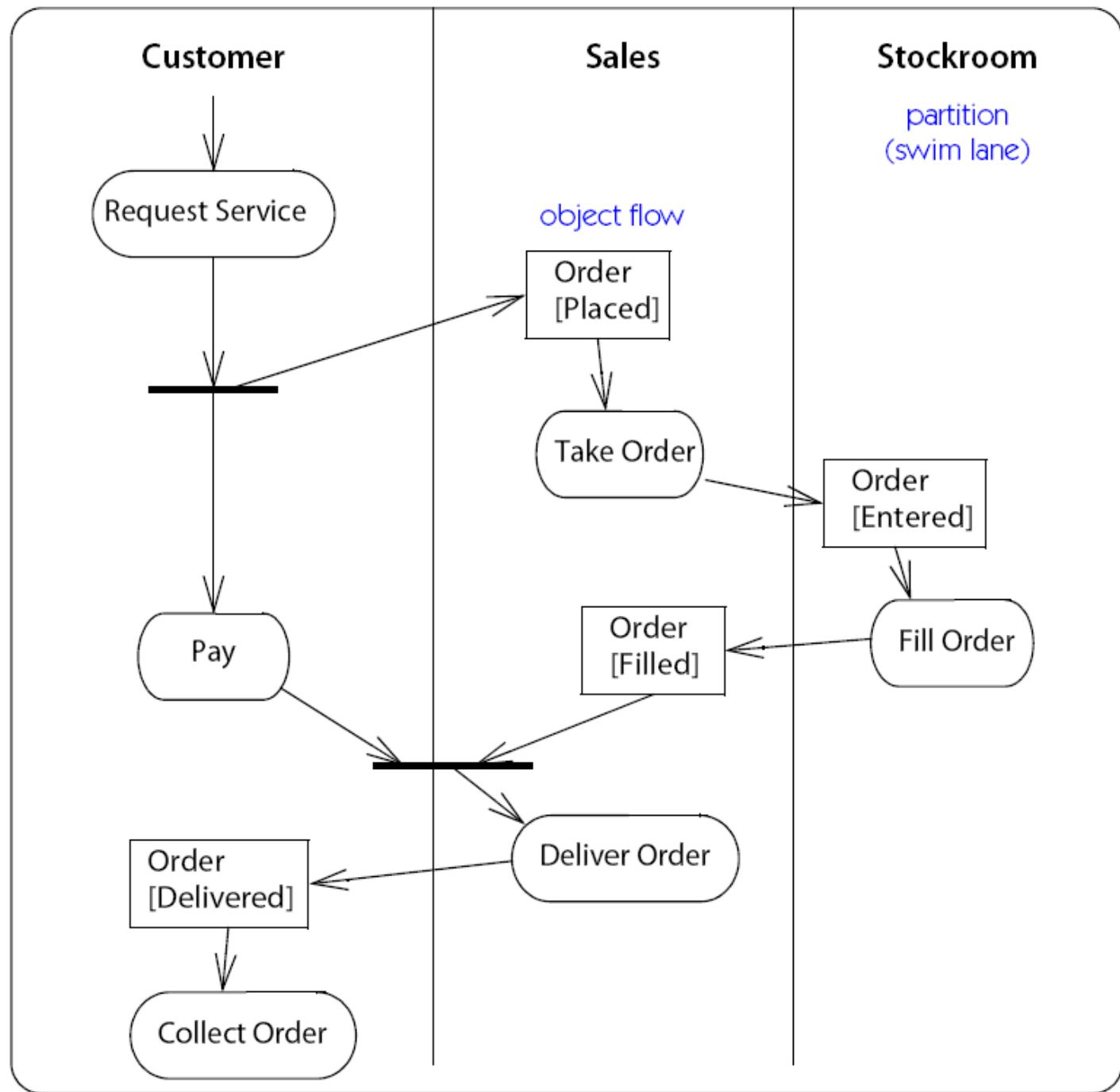


Figure 8-1. Activity diagram



**Figure 8-2.** Partitions and object flows

**Table 8-1:** *Kinds of actions*

<i>Category</i>	<i>Actions</i>	<i>Purpose</i>
classification	readIsClassifiedObject reclassifyObject testIdentity	test classification change classification test object identity
communication	broadcastSignal callOperation reply (implicit) return sendObject sendSignal	broadcast normal call reply after explicit accept implicit action on activity end send signal as object send signal as argument list

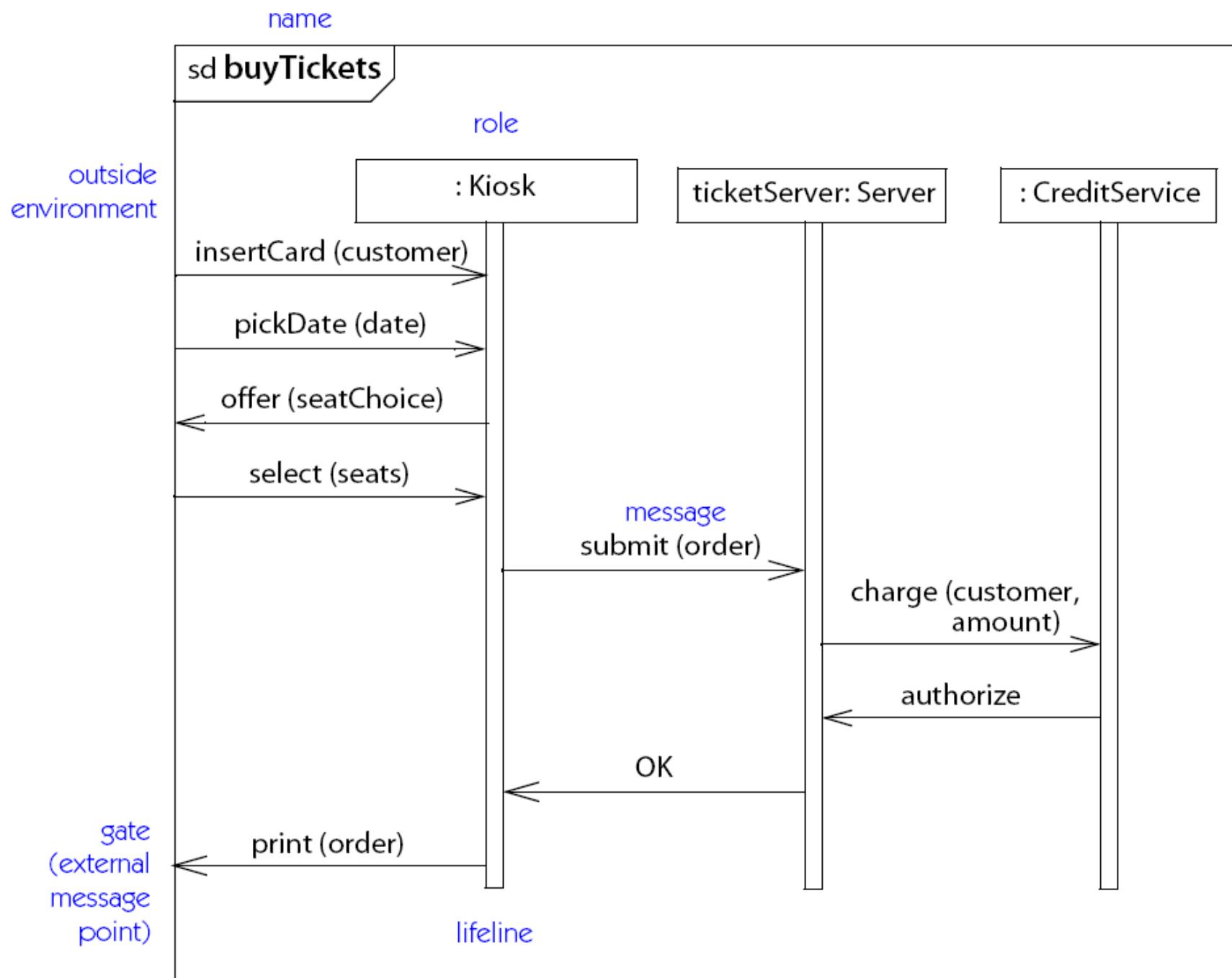
**Table 8-1:** *Kinds of actions (continued)*

<i>Category</i>	<i>Actions</i>	<i>Purpose</i>
computation	accept call accept event addVariableValue applyFunction callBehavior clearVariable readSelf readVariable removeVariableValue writeVariable	inline wait for call inline wait for event add additional value to set mathematical computation nested behavior reset value in procedure obtain owning object identity obtain value in procedure remove value from set set value in procedure
control	startOwnedBehavior	explicit control
creation	createLinkObject createObject	create object from association create normal object
destruction	destroyObject	destroy object
exception	raiseException	raise exception in procedure

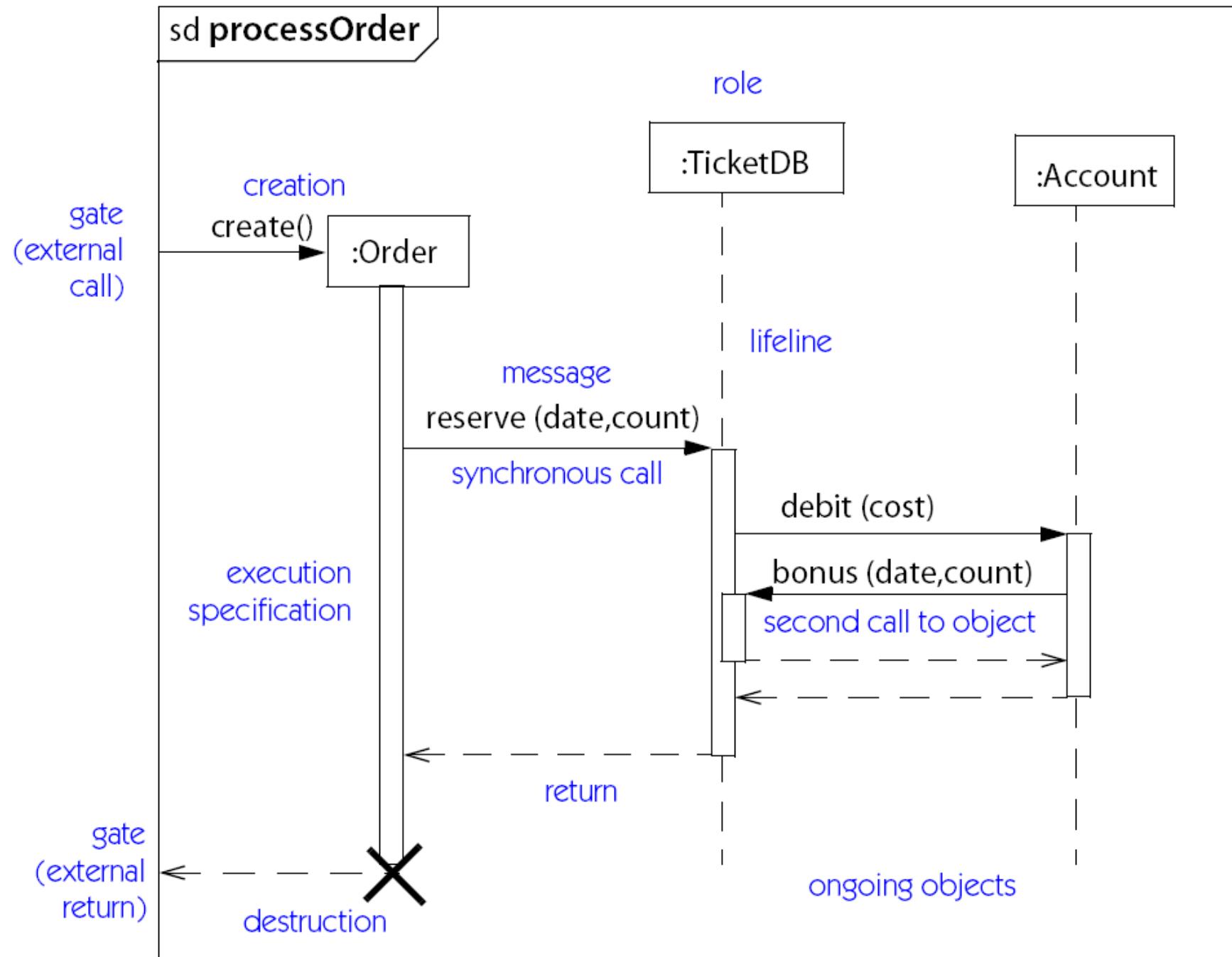
read	readExtent readLink readLinkObjectEnd readLinkObject- EndQualifier readStructuralFeature	get all objects get link value get value from association class get qualifier value  get attribute value
time	durationObservation timeObservation	measure time interval get current time
write	addStructuralFeature- Value clearAssociation clearStructuralFeature createLink destroyLink removeStructural- FeatureValue	set attribute value  clear links clear attribute value add a link remove a link remove value from set

## **Chapter 9: Interaction View ..... 101**

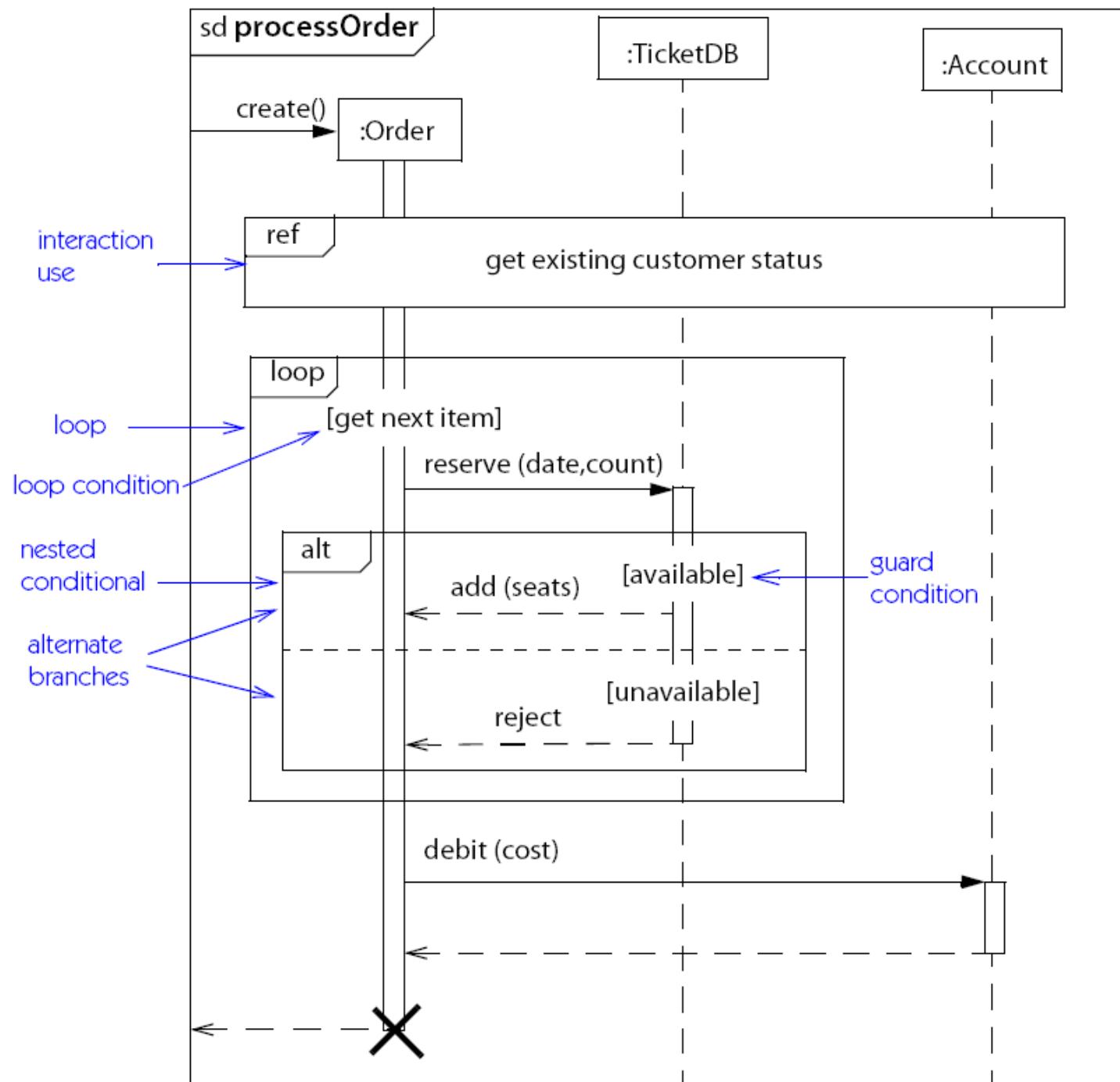
<i>Overview</i> .....	101
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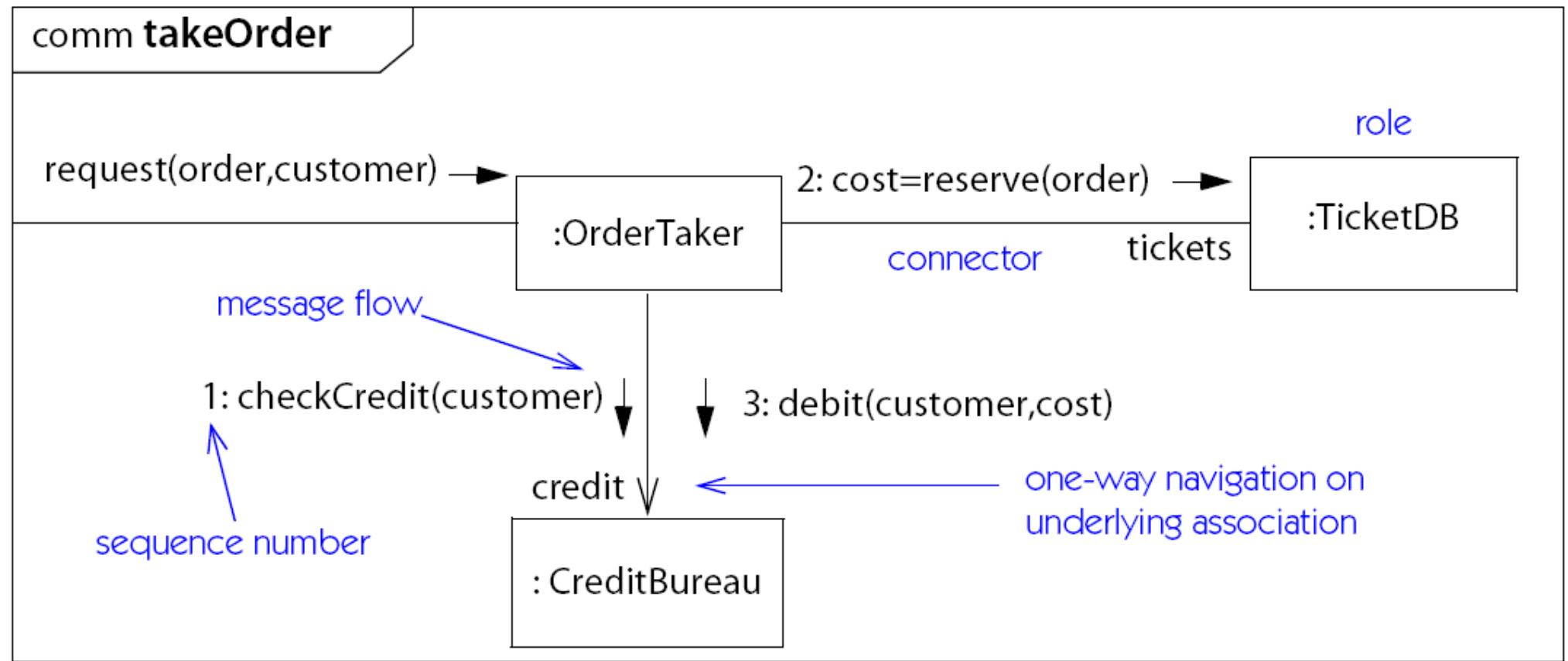
**Figure 9-1.** Sequence diagram



**Figure 9-2.** Sequence diagram with execution specifications

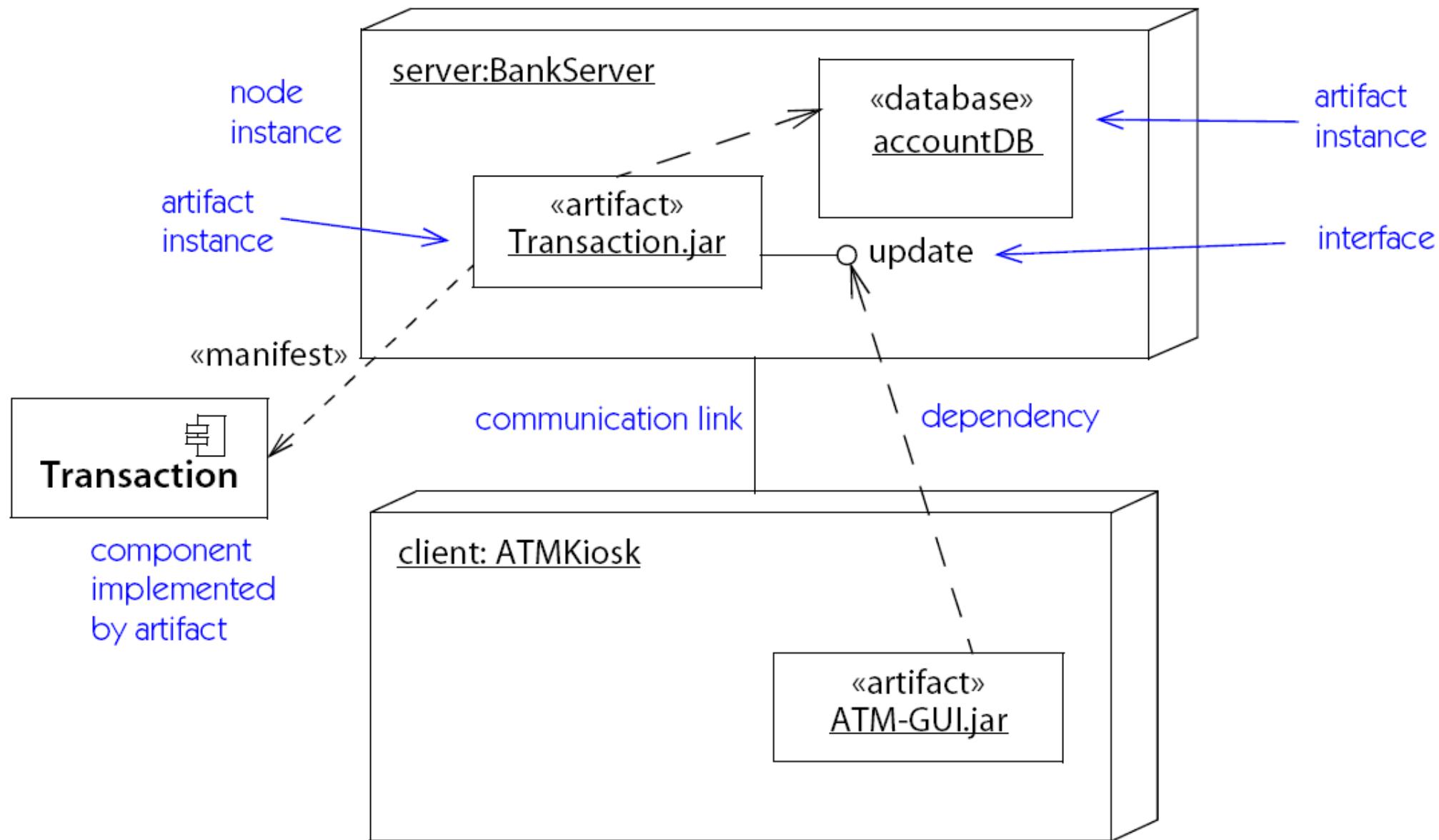


**Figure 9-3.** Structured control constructs



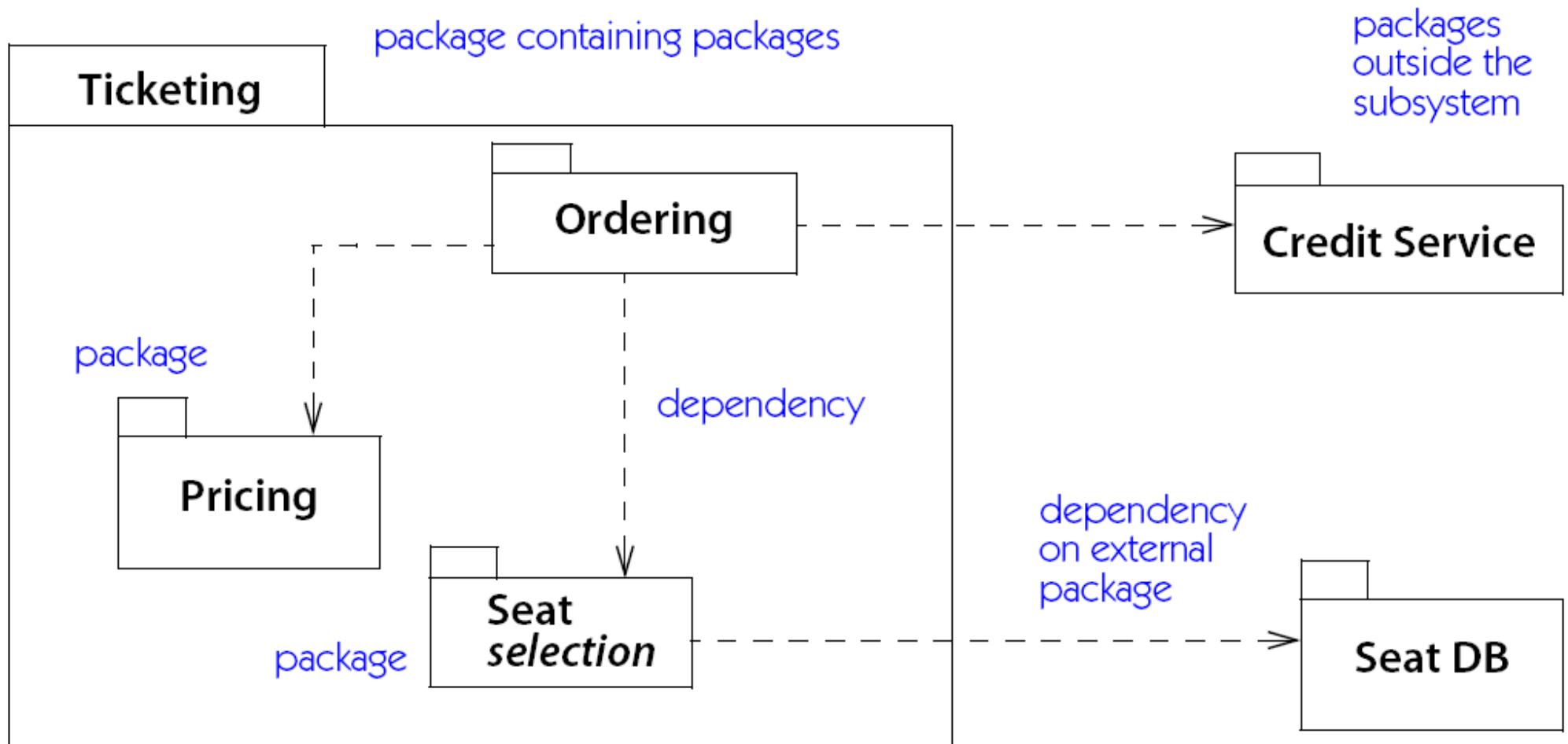
**Figure 9-4.** *Communication diagram*

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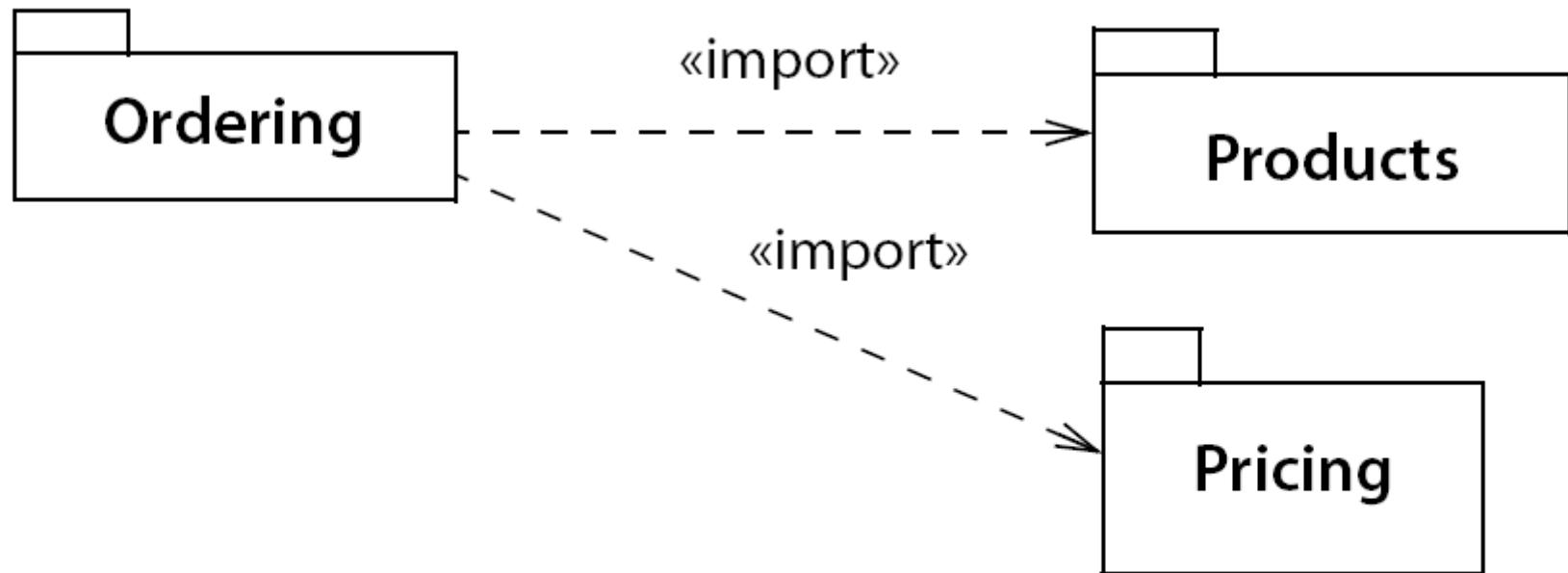


**Figure 10-1.** Deployment diagram

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**Figure 11-1.** Packages and their relationships



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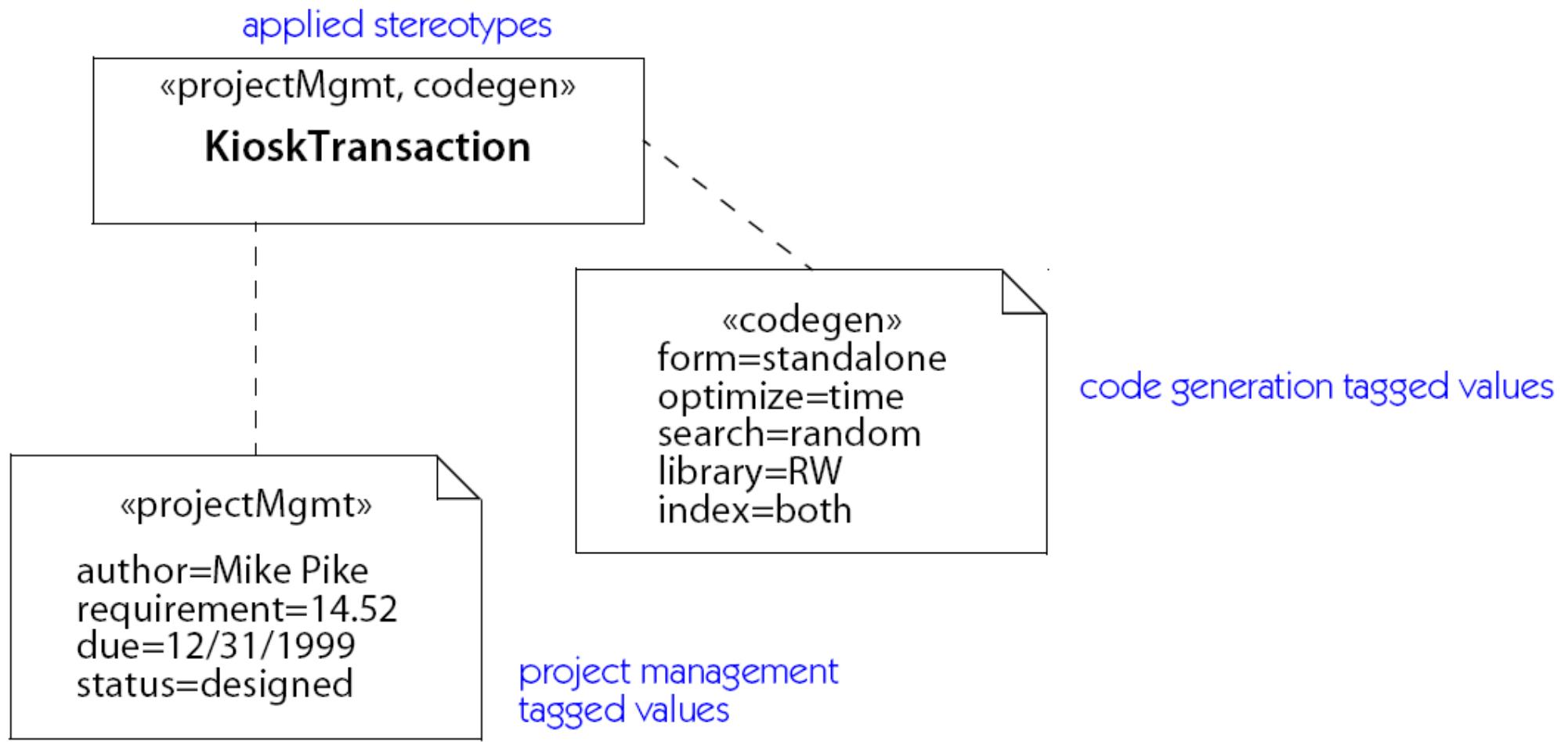
**Figure 11-2.** *Package import*

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**Figure 12-1.** *Stereotypes*



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**Figure 12-2.** *Stereotypes and tagged values*

## «profile» EJB

constraint

{A Bean must realize exactly one Home interface.}

«metaclass»  
**Component**

This stereotype must  
be applied to components.

«stereotype»  
**Bean**

type usable  
in stereotypes  
and user models

«enumeration»  
**StateKind**

stateless  
statefull

«stereotype»  
**Session**

state: StateKind

«stereotype»  
**Entity**

tag value applicable to components

existing metaclasses  
from base metamodel

«metaclass»  
**Artifact**

This stereotype may  
be applied to artifacts.

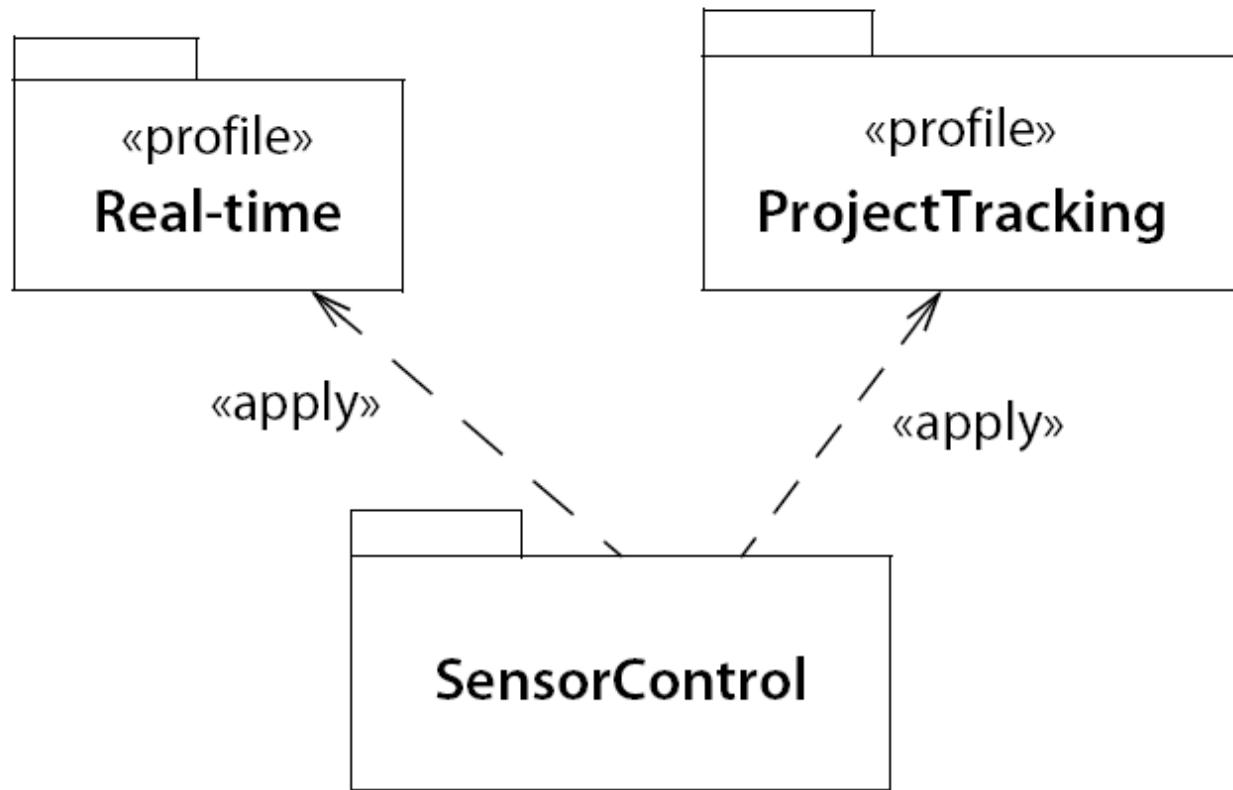
«stereotype»  
**Jar**

«stereotype»  
**Remote**

«metaclass»  
**Interface**

«stereotype»  
**Home**

**Figure 12-3.** Profile definition



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**Figure 12-4.** *Profile application*